FAYETTEVILLE OBSERVER.

XVII.] FAYETTEVILLE, N. C. TUESDAY EVENING, SEPTEMBER 10, 1833. [NO. 849.

D AND PUBLISHED, WEEKLY,
Edward J. Hale,
per annum, if paid in advance;
id during the year of subscrip-
$3 50 at the end of the year.

ISEMENTS inserted for sixty cents
or the first, & thirty cents for each
ublication. Advertisers are request-
e number of insertions desired, or
continued till forbid, and charged

he Editor must be post paid.

TORE—NEW GOODS.
riber respectfully informs his friends
ublic generally, that he has taken a
n street, two doors from Mr Archi-
's, and one door from Messrs. Sand-
ast's Auction Store, where he has
from New York, a handsome and
ortment of STAPLE and FANCY

Y GOODS,
HARDWARE AND CUT-
AND SHOES, GROCERIES, &c.
he is prepared to sell low at whole-
for Cash or most sorts of Country
hopes, by industry and strict atten-
ss, to share a part of public patron-

CHARLES S. JOHNSTON.
.—I shall be receiving addition-
almost every arrival. C. S. J.
3, 1833. 48tf.

IVED, A CHOICE SELECTION OF
FECTIONARY,
ich are the following articles, viz.

Lozenges,	Cinnamon Candy,
andy,	Red Nonpareils,
itto,	Yellow do
itto,	Green do
itto,	Blue do
itto,	White do
itto,	Assorted Plumbs,
to,	White rock Candy,
	Hoar-hound do
	Prunes and Raisins,
	Currants,
	Cordials, assorted,
	Rose rock Candy,
	Yellow do
ds,	Burnt Almonds,
s,	Carraways,
	Cinnamon String,
Cake,	Secrets do
Candy,	&c. &c. &c.

Sherry, and Malaga Wine,
, warranted superior.
THOS. J. JORDAN.
le, August 30. 48tf.

RUS & WHITMARSH,
or sale at WILMINGTON, on accom-
g terms:
hels Turks Island Salt,
Java,
Porto Rico,
Cuba,
St. Domingo, } COFFEE.
ds. Porto Rico,
Cuba, } MOLASSES.
Porto Rico SUGAR,
s Hay,
els N. E. Rum,
White Lead.
n, September 2.

SOM'S HOTEL,
BLAKELY, N. C.
Petersburg Rail Road, Roanoke.

WILL be opened by the Subscri-
in September This *new and splen-*
ESTABLISHMENT will be furnish-
in a neat and fashionable manner, with
, and every other necessary and com-
for travellers and genteel company.
facility of good marketing from Pe-
rsburg and (if necessary,) from the
ities, by Cars, &c. and the wealth and
is neighborhood, together with the ad-
the products of the rich Valley of our
duces him to say, no location can be
ed. As he feels assured, that he has
eputation and knowledge in the busi-
aving conducted for a long time, large
Establishments in this *State* and the
will ensure him success. He respect-
to the Advertisement of the Petersburg
Company for the facilities afforded Tra-
ee Stages and Accommodation Coach-
Blakely every day, one for Fayette-
e great Southern mail, and two *to*, and
on, going *South* and *West*. All gen-
are disposed to take the Rail Road at
y depend on having their Horses well
of, and their Gigs and Carriages put
shelter and houses built expressly —
and safe Ferry Boats are establishing,
in full operation in a few days Li-
Wines, all laid in from the oldest makers
ers. Ice Houses, Mint-beds, and Stur-
are erecting, and will be in readiness.
hing shall be wanting as far as his limit-
ill go, to meet the satisfaction and com-
enteel company.
ROBT. RANSOM & CO.
N. C. August 24, 1833. 48-5t.

NOTICE.
duly authorized Mr. Henry L. Jones to
and grant discharges for claims due
igned to me for the benefit of his cre-
sons indebted to him as above, will do
themselves of this notice, or their ac-
e placed in the hands of an officer for

WARD L. WINSLOW, *Trustee.*
e, Sept. 2. 48 4w.

State of North Carolina.

BLADEN COUNTY.
Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, August Term, 1833.

Anders and others,
Guardian, Ann Anders, } *Petition for division of Real Estate.*
vs.
Samuel Anders.

Appearing to the satisfaction of this Court, that Defendant, Samuel Anders, is not an inhabitant of this State: Therefore *Ordered*, That publication be made in the *Fayetteville Observer*, for six weeks, that unless the Defendant appear on or before the first day of next Term, and plead, answer, or demur, the Petition will be taken pro confesso and heard exparte. From the Minutes.

Test, P. KELLY, Clk.

REMOVAL.

WILLKINGS & CO.

HAVE removed to the New Store, corner of Hay and Maxwell Streets. They offer their services to their friends and the public, as Auctioneers, Commission and Forwarding Agents.
September 2, 1833. 48-4w.

Notice.

THE Subscriber once more requests all those indebted to him to make immediate payment, either to himself or to Messrs. McKinnell & McMillan; those failing to do so by the 10th of October next, may rest assured of having their debts put into the hands of an officer for collection, as he cannot grant any further indulgence; and those having claims against him, are desired to present them for payment.

H. CAMPBELL, Jr.
Fayetteville, September 3, 1833. 48-6w.

SODA WATER,
For sale by
R. MAYNARD & CO.
July 23, 1823. 42tf.

Earthenware, China, Glass
AND LOOKING GLASSES.

T. J. BARROW & CO.,
IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS,
No. 88, *Water street, New York,*

IN the above Goods, respectfully invite the attention of their friends, and the Southern Merchants generally, to their splendid Stock of Ware, just received by the late arrivals, comprising every variety of Fancy and Staple Goods, which they are enabled to offer on the most liberal and accommodating terms. Looking Glasses of every description constantly on hand.

Particular attention will be given to packing and forwarding in the most careful manner, and purchasers may rely on receiving their Goods in good order,

All orders by letter punctually attended to.
T. J. BARROW & CO.
No. 88, Water st., N. York.
August 10, 1833. 47 8t.

NEW STORE.

THE Subscribers have purchased the Stock of Mr. H. Campbell, Jun'r, to which they intend in a few days to add a large assortment of every thing new and fashionable for the season, with a full supply of Groceries, which they are determined to sell at the lowest possible cash prices; and they will continue to occupy Mr. Campbell's stand on Hay street, a few doors West of the Market House, where, by industry and a strict attention to business, they hope to merit a share of public patronage and support.

G. McKINNELL,
R. N. McMILLAN.

N. B. Messrs. McKinnell & McMillan are duly authorized to receive and grant discharges for all debts due to me; and those indebted are earnestly requested to make immediate payment, either to me or them.

HUGH CAMPBELL, Jr.
August 12, 1833. 45-tf.

Bargains! Bargains! Bargains!

New, Cheap & Fashionable

HATS, CAPS, BOOTS, SHOES, UMBRELLAS, PARASOLS, STOCKS, CRAVAT STIFFENERS, SUSPENDERS, LINEN COLLARS, HATTER'S TRIMMINGS, SOLE AND UPPER LEATHER, BRIDLE & HARNESS Do., SADDLES, BRIDLES, &c., Viz:

100 cases Hats, assorted qualities,
1000 pair thick pegged Brogans,
500 do. Russet do do.
1000 do Kip do do.
500 do do do do. very cheap,
100 do. fine calf Boots, New York best style,
150 do. do do do. 2d quality,
150 do. do do do. 3d ditto,
200 do. brass nailed Boots, 5's to 8's,
150 do. pegged do., cheap and fashionable,
100 do. finest calf Shoes, New York best,
200 do. do do 2d quality,
200 do. do do 3d ditto,
200 do. do do 4th ditto,
200 do. brass Brogans, 5 to 12,
300 do. kip do. sewed,
200 do. children's red Morocco Boots,
300 do. do leather Boots, thick and thin sole,
200 do. do prunella Shoes and Boots, assorted,
200 do. Misses Shoes, of every description,
200 do. Ladies prunella Shoes, very neat,
200 do. do do (with slides) Slippers,
200 do. do French Morocco Slippers, with slides,
200 do. do undressed do do do do.
100 do. black satteen Slippers, (Ladies')
100 do. black English kid, do.
30 do. white satteen figured (for particular occasions,)
150 do. Ladies' prunella Boots, 1st & 2d quality,
150 do. do Morocco do 1st & 2d do.
250 do. do leather do 1st & 2d do.
100 do. Ladies' Gater Boots,
Dalrymple's best paste Blacking,
3 doz. best silk Umbrellas and Parasols,
1 doz. cotton Umbrellas, cheap,
Cotton Cards,
1 doz. Franklin bag Caps,
1 do. boy's do do.
1 do. Chinchilla do do.
1 do silk Jackson bow and bag do.
1 do. Orleans, do.
2 do. men's black hair Stocks,
2 do. do do bombazine do. plain,
2 do. do do do do. pleated,
2 do. do do do do. bow,
2 do. do do velvet do. plain,
2 do. white hair Stocks do.
2 do. do do do bow,
2 do. cravat Stiffeners,
5 do. linen Collars, different qualities,
Pantaloons Straps.

Besides a great variety of other GOODS in my line too numerous to mention. The above Goods have just been received from the North, and a great many of them manufactured expressly for me; all of which will be sold very low, either at wholesale or retail.

G. HURLBUTT.
August 13, 1833. 45-tf.

☞N. B. I shall replenish my stock by every arrival from New York.

Negroes Wanted.

THE Subscriber wishes to purchase 30 or 40 likely Young Negroes, for whom the highest Cash prices will be paid.

NEILL JOHNSON.
Fayetteville, Aug. 6—44tf

REMOVAL.

Dr. James H. Dickson,

HAS removed to the New Building on Hay street, nearly opposite the Lafayette Hotel, where he offers for sale on reasonable terms, for Cash, or approved credit, a General Assortment of

DRUGS and MEDICINES,
Shop Furniture, Surgical Instruments,
Paints, Oils, and Dye Stuffs,
Hatters' Materials,
Perfumery, &c.

August 27th, 1833. 2-tf

Just received from New York,
And for sale at E. J. Hale's Book Store,
(THE ONLY AGENT FOR FAYETTEVILLE,)
MORRISON'S PILLS,
The Hygeian Universal Medicine of the British College of health,

Which, by removing all obstructions in the Intestines; thoroughly cleansing the Bowels: giving more purity to the Blood, and thereby promoting its *free circulation*; strikes at the root of all Diseases, and is good in all cases, giving rest, appetite and strength. Price one dollar a Packet.

NEW STORE—NEW GOODS,
Cheap for Cash.

THE Subscriber begs leave to inform his frends and the public generally, that he has taken that old and well known Stand lately occupied by Mr. H. L. Jones, at the corner of Market Square and Gillespie street, where may be found at all times, a general and well selected Stock of

Boots and Shoes,

Fresh and direct from the Manufactories, consisting of Ladies' and Gentlemen's, Boys', Misses' and Children's Boots and Shoes of all kinds, selected particularly for the town trade, where Ladies and Gentlemen are respectfully invited to call and examine for themselves. Country Merchants would also do well to call and examine before purchasing, as my Stock is all fresh and good, and prices much reduced By strict attention to business, he hopes to merit a share of public patronage. My Stock consists in part, of the following viz.

Ladies fine prunella and seal skin Slips, seal skin Bootees, Morocco Bootees and walking Shoes, Misses' seal skin Bootees and Shoes.
Men's stout pegged Brogans,
Ditto ditto sewed ditto.
Ditto ditto ditto Shoes,
Ditto ditto pegged ditto,
Ditto fine calf sewed ditto,
Ditto ditto do do Shoetees,
Ditto fine calf sewed Boots,
Ditto ditto nailed ditto,
Ditto stout pegged ditto,
HATS—Men's and boys fine and wool Hats,
ALSO, an assortment of traveling Trunks & Bags,
FISH—A few boxes prime Cod Fish,
SOAP—50 boxes No. 1 bar Soap, a prime article,
A few boxes perfumed shaving ditto,
CARDS—Whittemore's No. 10 cotton Cards, and No. 6 wool,
ALSO, writing and letter Paper.

L. R. BRADLEY.
Fayetteville, March 2. 24tf.

New Store.
LEWIS & ROSS,

HAVE just opened, next door to Doct'r. Jordan's Drug Store (in Green Street, near Eccles' Bridge,) a new and splendid assortment of

Fancy and Staple
DRY GOODS,
AMONG WHICH ARE THE FOLLOWING:

Rich fig'd Gros-de-Naps,
Coloured Florence Silks,
Blk and blue blk Marceline do,
Sinchews and Sarsnetts,
New style printed Muslins,
Do do Ginghams,
Calicoes of all kinds, some extra rich,
Crape Camblet, a superior article, for Gentlemen's Coats and Pantaloons,
Merino Cassimere,
Light Merseilles Vesting,
Rich fig'd Silk do,
Cambric Jackonet and Swiss Muslins,
Plaid and corded Cambrics,
New and splendid emb'd Crape dress Hdkffs,
Do do printed do do do,
Do do Gause do do do,
Do do 5-4 Crape Shawls,
Do do 5-4 Sewing Silk, do,
White and green Gause Veils,
Ladies' plain and fig'd border Hdkffs and Gentlemen's Silk do,
Ladies' and Gentlemen's Gloves,
Hosiery of all descriptions,
4-4 and 6-4 bed Tick,
3-4, 4-4 and 5-4 unbleached Muslins,
4-4 and 5-4 bleached do,
Domestic Stripes and Plaids,
Twilled do and Granderills,
Cotton and Madrass Hdkffs.

—ALSO—

Ladies' Leghorn and Dunstable Hats; Men's Palm leaf do; Combs of all sizes; Gentlemen's white and Blk Satin Beaver Hats; Ladies' Kid Morocco and Prunella Slippers; Gentlemen's Pumps and Calf Boots; Gentlemen's Stocks and Collars. *Also*, a few trunks SUMMER CLOTHING—in a word, all articles that are necessary to complete a good and desirable assortment of Goods—all of which will be sold at wholesale or retail at the lowest prices for *CASH*.

L. & R. will be constantly receiving additional supplies to their present stock, and hope by strict and persevering attention to business, to merit a share of public patronage.

Fayetteville, April 7, 1833. §27-tf.§

The Subscriber wishes to purchase
5000 lbs. new Feathers,
—ALSO—
5000 lbs. Wool, for which liberal prices will be given.
WILL. O. JEEFREYS.
July 23, 1833. tf.

Cheap Paper,
For Sale at the Book Store.

University of Maryland.

THE *LECTURES* in the Medical Department of this Institution will commence on the last Monday of October, and continue until the first of March.

NATHANIEL POTTER, M. D.
Pathology and the Practice of Medicine.
RICHARD WILMOT HALL, M. D.
Obstetrics and the diseases of Women and Children.
NATHAN R. SMITH, M. D. *Surgery.*
JULIUS T. DUCATEL, M. D.
Chemistry and Pharmacy.
E. GEDDINGS, M. D.
Anatomy and Physiology.
ROBLEY DUNGLISON, M. D. *Materia Medica, Therapeutics, Hygiene, and Medical Jurisprudence.*

☞Clinical Lectures will be given at the Baltimore Infirmary, by the Professors of the Practice of Medicine and Surgery.

According to a recent enactment of the Board of Trustees, Candidates for the degree of Doctor of Medicine are required to attend two full courses of the Lectures of each Professor in this Institution, or having attended one full course in some School where the same branches are taught, a second in this. It is understood, however, that those Students who have already attended one course of Lectures in the University of Maryland, shall be entitled to the privilege of graduation under the former regulations.

E. GEDDINGS, M. D., *Dean.*
Baltimore, July 5, 1833. 45-41N.

Transylvania University.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

THE LECTURES in this institution will commence as usual, on the 1st Monday of November, and terminate on the first Saturday in March. The courses are—

Anatomy and Surgery, *by Dr. Dudley.*
Institutes of Medicine and Clinical Practice, *by Dr. Caldwell.*
Theory and Practice of Physic, *by Dr. Cooke.*
Obstetrics and Diseases of Women and Children, *by Dr. Richardson.*
Materia Medica and Medical Botany, *by Dr. Short.*
Chemistry and Pharmacy, *by Dr. Yandell.*

During the entire term, the Professor of Anatomy and Surgery lectures nine times each week, and the other Professors daily, Sabbaths excepted, —The fees to the entire course, with matriculation and the use of the Library, amount to $110. —The graduation fee is $20.

The Cholera having left it, Lexington now enjoys its ordinary health.

By order of the Faculty,
C. W. SHORT, M. D. *Dean.*
Lexington, (Ky.) July 27, 1833.—45-12w.

Medical College of Georgia.

THE LECTURES in this Institution situated at Augusta, will commence *on the third Monday, (the* 21st*) of next October*, and continue for *six* months.

The Professors are:
L. A. Dugas, M. D.—Of Anatomy and Physiology.
Jos. A. Eve, M. D.—Therapeutics and Materia Medica.
L. D. Ford, M. D.—Chemistry and Pharmacy.
M. Antony, M. D.—Obstetrics and Diseases of Women and Children.
A. Cunningham, M. D.—Institutes and Practice of Medicine.
Paul F. Eve, M. D.—Institutes and Practice of Surgery.
And George M. Newton, M. D.—Prosector and Demonstrator of Anatomy.

In addition to the above, Clinical Lectures will be delivered in the City Hospital, and every facility afforded the student for practical experience.

The fees are, for the six Tickets $100
Graduation, $10
Matriculation, $5

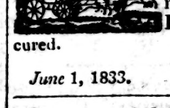
Good Board, with Lodging, may be obtained at $13 per month.

For particulars see Circular, issued in June.
AUGUSTUS B. LONGSTREET,
President of Board of Trustees.
L. D. FORD, Secretary.
Augusta, July 9, 1833. 44-6w.

LAFAYETTE HOTEL.
Fayetteville, N. Carolina.

THE Subscriber has leased the New Building erected near the site of the old Lafayette Hotel, on Hay Street, and is now prepared to accommodate Boarders and Travellers. The House is commodious, well ventilated and admirably adapted to the purpose for which it is intended. The Parlors are large, well furnished, and calculated for private families. The Stables, spacious, and shall be well provided.

The Subscriber feels thankful to his friends and the public for the patronage he has already received, and will endeavor by care and attention to the comfort of his guests, to merit and enjoy a continuation of the same. Cold and warm Baths attached to the Hotel, and *always* in readiness.



All the Stages arrive at and depart from the Hotel, where seats are secured.

J. W. COCHRAN.
June 1, 1833. 35tf.

THE HIGH BLOODED HORSE
PETER PINDER,

WILL stand the ensuing season, to commence on the 20th inst., and end on the first of November, one mile from Fayetteville, at 10, 15, and 20 dollars. Risks as customary.

PETER is a blood bay horse, 15½ hands high, well formed,—his Pedigree as follows. He was sired by Sir William, he by old Archie, his dam was Witch, who was sired by Virginius, he by Diomede. Witch's dam was Morgiana, who was by the imported Spread Eagle, her dam by Melger, her g. dam, Yorick, g. g. dam by Little Davy, g. g. g. dam by Monton's Traveller, g. g. g. g. dam by the same Traveller, her g. g. g. g. g. dam was the imported mare Muslin Face. Melger was sired by old Medley, his dam by Wildair, g. dam by Vampire out of Kitty Fisher; Witch is also half sister to the celebrated mare Transport, the dam of Bertrand, Julia and Juliet. Letters and certificates of the Pedigree in my possession. Applications to Mr. J. Waddill, Jr., Fayetteville.

M. R. MOORE.
August 4, 1833. §44-tf.§

NEW GOODS.

THE Subscriber, grateful for the encouragement he has received in his business, begs leave to inform his customers and friends, that he has just received a new supply of,

Spring and Summer Goods,
CONSISTING IN PART OF

Blue, brown and olive CLOTHS,
Steel mixed, gray and striped Satinetts,
Rowen Cassimeres, Pittsborough Cord,
Princettas and black Buckram,
Providence Stripe, cotton Cord,
Russia Drill, imitation Russia Sheeting,
Red Padding, Canvass, Buckram,
Vestings of various patterns,
Dark Erminetts. French Drilling,
Printed Muslins, Canary Prints,
Super light Chintz Prints, dark fancy do.
Book, Mull, and Swiss Muslins,
Sarsnetts, Sinchews, & bl'k & blue Gros-de-Naps,
Silk and Cotton Umbrellas,
Brown Shirting and Sheeting,
Bleeched do do.
Ready made Vests, Pantaloons, and Round-abouts,
Domestic Plaids and Bed Ticking,
Pink, purple and brown Cambric,

Crockery, Glass Ware & China,
Paints and Dye Stuffs,
CONSISTING OF

White Lead in Oil,
Black do do,
Red Lead, and bright Varnish,
Copal and coach ditto,
Spanish Brown and Spanish White,
Copperas, Spanish Brown and Madder,
Roll Brimstone, and Verdigris,
Lamp Black and bl'k leather Varnish, &c.

HARDWARE, consisting of

Knives and Forks, pocket and pen Knives,
Trace Chains and Halters,
Scythe Blades, 48, 50 and 52 inches,
Hoes and Axes,
Nails, Curry Combs and Drawing Knives,
Tin Trunks, long and short handle Pans.

GROCERIES, consisting of

Coffee, Sugar and Teas,
Salt, Molasses, and Spirits Turpentine,
Chocolate, Spice, Pepper and Ginger,
Pearl Barley and Pearl Ash,
Saltpetre, Alum, and London Mustard,
Bacon, Flour, and Lard,
Powder, Shot and Lead,
Wines, Rum, Brandy and Whiskey.

All of which will be sold low for Cash or Country Produce.

P. S.—On hand, a general assortment of LEATHER, consisting of Soal, Upper, and Harness Leather, Calf and Kip Skins, which will be sold or exchanged for raw Hides, at fair prices.

JNO. C. LATTA.
Person street, 6th door East of Market Square.
April 18, 1833. 29tf.

POETRY.

SELECTED FOR THE OBSERVER.

Mr. Hale: By publishing the enclosed lines you will oblige your friend, &c.

A. B. C.

WHO SLUMBERS BEST?

Oh! who are the sleepers who slumber best,
In their couch of sweet unbroken rest,
When the weary toils of the day are o'er,
And the sunbeam dies on the western shore?

It is not the warrior, fresh from fight,
Who ever can hope for visions light;
For thoughts of the fallen slain will rise,
And banish repose from his aching eyes.

And it is not the laughing girl we see,
Whose heart is glad in its joyous glee,
With her fairy step, and her wandering eyes,
Like the cloudless blue of Italian skies:

For love is at best but a broken reed,
That will serve her not, in the hour of need;
And pangs may come o'er her midnight dream,
That pass not away with the morning beam.

Nor is it the bard with his lofty mind,
That soareth away like the stormy wind;
For his is the fire that burns to blight
His bliss by day, and his sleep by night.

Oh, no! 'tis the dead who slumber best,
For they have no cares to break their rest,
And the ills of time can never pall
The dreamless couch that is free to all.

At Bowling Green, Kentucky, a short time since, Miss Rochester, daughter of W. H. Rochester, died of fright occasioned by a rude boy having run after her, on her way to school, with a mask, or false face on him. She ran, in her fright, in a pond of water, whence she was carried to her father's house, where—when nature was exhausted by frequent convulsive or apoplectic fits, she expired, aged 5 years and 5 months.

A theatrical company visited Lowell (Mass.) from Boston, with a view of giving a taste of their quality to the citizens of that manufacturing district. How they were received, and how they fared, may be gathered from the following paragraph, which we find in the Boston Atlas:

We learn that Messrs. Barrett, Andrews, and Smith, of the theatrical corps, have been arrested in Lowell, upon a charge preferred against them by E. Case, Esq. of not pursuing an honest and lawful occupation. Their trial is to take place to-day before the Police Court of that town.

Longevity.—A Scotch paper notices an old woman living near Glosslough, who is 130 years of age. She never took a doctor's drug in all her life, nor was a lancet ever applied to her frame; she was perfectly free of affections of the chest, and during the last century of her life, she had been a perfect stranger to pain, and her pulse does not exceed seventy. Her grandfather died at the age of 129, and her father died in the 120th year of his age.

Wilmington and Raleigh Rail Road.—The amount of subscriptions for stock to the contemplated Rail Road from Wilmington to Raleigh, via Waynesborough, is stated to be as follows:—In New Hanover county $130,000; Brunswick 12,000; Sampson 50,000; Wayne 63,000; Johnston 30,000—amounting in the whole to $285,000. it is computed that the sum of $400,000 will complete the road.

Communications.

FOR THE OBSERVER.

Mr. Editor: In your last paper, a writer under the signature of "Pee Dee," has remarked upon the published account of the celebration of our last National Anniversary in the upper end of Richmond. We shall not attempt, in the few observations about to be made, to equal the scholarship of "Pee Dee," for fear we might again induce his learned quotation, "oh, tell it not in Gath, *publish it* not in the streets of Askelon;" nor, Mr. Editor, shall we imitate the decency of language which clothes the very forcible and brilliant ideas of your correspondent.

We are yet to learn that the time has arrived, when an attempt to celebrate the National Anniversary should be good cause for ridicule, or opprobrium. Was "Pee Dee," whose anger flashes as quick as sparks from the *blacksmith's* sledge, a nullifier, we might have found some cause for the raising of his fire. If he is not a nullifier, what could have induced the effusion of so much balderdash? The published account stated that "we can but *regret* that a few individuals, &c. should have endeavoured to sully the brightness of this day by domestic bickerings, or the violence of party strife," &c. To this remark, intended only as explanatory of that want of union which should have pervaded the bosom of every true patriot on that day; "Pee Dee," quite infuriated, replies, that "we would deem it entirely unnecessary to refute this scandal, which is as foul as the source from whence it *emanated*, were the authors of it as well known throughout the State, as they are here and in some of the adjoining Counties, but inasmuch as these vile aspersions are calculated to excite the feelings of every patriot, and cast a stigma on the Church, we think it behooves us, in justice to ourselves and neighborhood, to make a statement of incontrovertible facts." How the expression of *regret* would excite the feelings of every true patriot" those can best tell, who preferred on our anniversary, indulging in feelings of "domestic bickerings" to celebrating the glorious deed, which has made the American so proud of his birth right! How it would "cast a stigma upon the Church," let those answer who, forgetful of the precepts of "good will to all men," taught them by their Divine Master, preferred threatening an armed blockade and resistance unto blood, (but who, in cooler moments, thought ambuscade safer than blockade) rather than sacrifice to the peace of the community, the petty feelings of petty hearts!

We do not mean to follow "Pee Dee" through his unintelligible communication—nor shall we throw back upon him, the filth in which he seems to work: our fingers would be *as much soiled* in touching the tools, as in a contact with the workman himself. His designating in italics, the assistant Marshal as a "little tailor," speaks nothing in favor of his heart or head; the character of the gentleman alluded to, will lose nothing in comparison with that of your great "Pee Dee." We do not, in our republican government, thank Heaven, weigh a man's character by the accidental circumstance of birth or profession—if we did, "Pee Dee" perhaps, would gain an elevation not otherwise practicable. There is no truer maxim, none that should be more zealously inculcated, and none perhaps so likely to improve the condition of 'Pee Dee' himself, than this, "act well your part, *there* all the honor lies."

The persons alluded to by "Pee Dee" are known to the neighbourhood, and "in some of the adjoining Counties," and rely upon that knowledge at home, to protect them from such puny attempts as "Pee Dee" is capable of, abroad. The communication of "Pee Dee" will speak for itself;—truth always appears in a simple garb—it requires no such meretricious trappings as 'Pee Dee' decks himself in. Women of loose character take most pains to assume the habits of the virtuous. No one can have more respect for religion or its professors than we have, but we do not hold that the "cloth" is a substitute for the meekness of spirit, and kindness of feeling, which alone can constitute the pious man. The hypocrite, who assumes the cloak of religion to hide his evil propensities, should be stripped of its garb, and exposed to the community in all its naked deformity.

The pretext for having refused the use of Mount Hebron is, in the language of "Pee Dee," "that they could not permit a building dedicated to the King of Heaven, over which they have the entire control, to be used *for this purpose.*" This building was erected by the community without discrimination, and as the expressed proviso, that it was to be under the *exclusive jurisdiction* of no *particular sect*. It was to be at the use of the subscribers for any purpose, not repugnant to the object of its erection, or disrespectful to *Him* to whom it was dedicated. No one will be so hardy as to deny this, *not even "Pee Dee" himself.* Was the use of Mount Hebron then, for the purpose of celebrating our Anniversary, repugnant to the object of its erection, or disrespectful to *Him* to whom it was dedicated? Let the uncontradicted custom of the country answer. Let the feeling of gratitude to our Creator, which must commingle with the celebration of our glorious victory, answer. But who is this one, so "over-righteous?" Let him come forward—let the Pharisee be seen, that his conduct may be squared by that scrupulous measure which he seems to hold up as the rule of action. Whoever he may be, we will leave him to his self examination.

In conclusion, Mr. Editor, we must apologise for having thus far obtruded "private griefs" upon the public ear. We can assure you, however, it is our first and *last* notice of great "Pee Dee;" and in parting with him, we will merely drop a hint which may prove the truth of the old saying, "a word to the wise," &c., that we know of *spiritual men* who are *not holy men*, and we live on

"DRY CREEK."

FOR THE OBSERVER.

Mr. Editor: If you think the following worthy of a place in your paper, you may insert it:

SUBSTANCE OF A LETTER TO A FRIEND.

My Dear Friend: Were it not for the very great advantages Christianity has over every other thing, what would supply its place in the hour of trouble and affliction and sorrow; and what can support in death, but a bright prospect of eternal joys beyond the grave? The sceptic, it is true, denies that there is a reward for the righteous—that the votaries of Christianity can be *certain* of future life;—as one in the hour of dissolving nature expressed, "I am going home, but what sort of a home I know not; neither can any one know." But not so one whose life had been as it becomes the Gospel of Jesus Christ. "For we *know* that if our earthly

house of *this* tabernacle were dissolved, we have a building of God, an house not made with hands, eternal in the Heavens." But those who suffer with Christ here, shall reign with him. Of this they have the most indubitable evidence, even in this sorrowful and imperfect state. Without this evidence, what could fill that vacuum that must ever remain in an uncertainty.

But, to those whose lot it is to suffer much in the furnace of affliction, the arch enemy to God and man is ever ready to present his strongest objections to any probability of a future reward in Heaven; suggesting doubts of the reality of religion; the subject of faith, as being an incomprehensible, mysterious thing, far above the comprehension of man, and therefore none but the credulous can meddle with it. But shall we yield to those suggestions, and become converts to such absurdities without carefully examining the ground upon which such objections are made? Now upon examination, there is but one strong reason assigned that I have heard of or read, viz: "the *pretended* uncertainty of a future state." "We know nothing about it," say they, "of that other world; none of the dead have ever returned to inform us, perhaps there is nothing beyond the grave." But of this there is no proof—nothing to satisfy the mind seeking for happiness, but finds none here. There is no certainty in all such arguing, to satisfy an enquirer after truth.

Such persons, it is evident, have had to throw off much, to satisfy their own minds on this subject. The principles of true religion being implanted im them from their birth, and cultivated in their growing up. To adore a Supreme Being, respect his laws, dread his chastisements, and look forward to his promises, were their dispositions in common with the rest. How then, did they become unbelievers in God's word—and how did Hell to them, become a vulgar prejudice, a future state a chimera, and the soul a spark, which is extinguished with the body? Have they purified their hearts lest their passions mislead them? Ah! no! They have become unrighteous only by shutting every avenue which might have led them to the truth; by no longer regarding religion as an important concern; by searching into it only for the purpose of dishonouring it by blasphemies, and sacrilegious witticisms. They are become sinful only by seeking to steel themselves against the cries of their own conscience, and delivering themselves up to the most infamous gratifications.

Therefore, to my mind, the conclusion is certain—that the *corruption* and *deceitfulness* of the heart, is the source of unbelief. But the fact, that all such are unhappy and dissatisfied with all their sensual pleasures and gratifications, proves that they are in a most fatal delusion.

Man is, here, not in his place; he is made for Heaven; his heart is greater than the world—the earth is not his country, and whatever is not God is nothing to him. Yes, man pants for immortality, and nothing but immortality and life eternal, can satisfy him. Therefore, get religion, which is true wisdom;—buy this truth and sell it not, at the peril of your soul—exchange not your hope of Heaven through a Redeemer, for such uncertainties as those;—of the truth of your's, you have proof enough The authority of the Bible, which indisputably deserves belief; the evidence of holy men, whose characters were just, pure, miraculous—and who have shed their blood to render glory to the truth—the fulfilment of prophecy.

Yours, BETA.

August 29, 1833.

FOR THE OBSERVER.

Mr. Hale: A letter writer, in the last number of your paper, suggests to his correspondent in Fayetteville, the project of a Rail Road from the Cape Fear River at Fayetteville, to Old Topsail Inlet, as holding out many advantages to the people of your place and the interior of the State.

I agree in opinion with that writer, that the citizens of Fayetteville should make a determined and united effort to avail themselves of the advantages which their particularly favorable location gives them: and not through apathy or supineness, suffer the produce of the back country to be diverted to another market. The first object of importance is to commence and prosecute your works of improvement from *Fayetteville* to the *West*. There is an extensive and fertile region of country ready to pour into your market, its various products, if the means of transporting it were offered, which will inevitably find its way to more distant markets, if you much longer neglect so important an object.

Intimately connected with the prosperity of Fayetteville is, I conceive, the improvement of the Cape Fear River from Fayetteville to Haywood—this would afford to the people of Chatham, Moore, Orange and a part of Wake, a ready and cheap mode of conveying their produce to a good market, and save an immense amount of time and labor, both of much value to the prudent farmer.

Should the contemplated Rail Way from Raleigh to Waynesborough be carried into effect, it may, at no very great expense, be made tributary to the trade of Fayetteville, by means of a Rail Road from the Cape Fear River at Fayetteville, to Smithfield, in Johnston County. The distance between these two points, in a straight line, cannot exceed thirty-five miles. There is an abundance of timber for the construction of the road; and there is not, throughout the whole distance, a hill or a stream of any size that crosses the track.

This plan, I think Sir, has advantages over the proposed road to Old Topsail Inlet, inasmuch as the distance is not as great by 60 or 70 miles, and the produce, when once at Fayetteville, can find an easy and cheap conveyance down the Cape Fear River.

These remarks have been elicited by reading the Wilkesborough letter: and are given with the hope, that the citizens of your place will think on them; and what is better, may act on them.

A CITIZEN OF CHATHAM.

Weevil.—The great destruction of wheat produced by this annoying insect, it is said, may be prevented by very simple means. In stacking wheat, if four or five quarts of salt be sprinkled on every hundred sheaves, it will be secured from destruction from the weevil, and will besides make the straw more valuable as fodder. Or if, after the wheat is thrashed, a pint of salt is mixed in every barrel, or the grain be put in old salt barrels, the weevil will not attack it.

Notice.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,
Cumberland County.

THE Subscribers obtained Letters of Administration on the estate of Mary Barge, deceased, at September Term of the County Court, A. D. 1833. They hereby give notice to all those indebted to the estate to come forward and pay the same immediately; and all persons having any claims or demands against the estate, are required to present them, duly authenticated, to the Subscribers, within the time required by law, or this notice will be plead in bar of recovery.

ANGUS TAYLOR,
ANSON BAILEY.

Sept. 10, 1833.

FOREIGN.

New York, September 3.

LATE AND IMPORTANT NEWS—CAPTURE OF LISBON, &c.

The packet ship *United States*, from Liverpool, brings us London papers to and of the 7th ult. Lisbon fell into the hands of Donna Maria's troops on the 24th July, after a battle on the preceding day on the opposite side of the Tagus, between the troops of Don Miguel and those of Donna Maria, in which the former were worsted. The next day the *Duke de Cadoval* and the rest of Don Miguel's ministers having abandoned Lisbon, the populace rose and proclaimed Donna Maria. *Villa Flor's* troops crossed over the same afternoon.—Admiral Napier and his fleet arrived on the 25th, and all was tranquil under the new rule. Oporto had resisted a fierce attack of Marshal Bourmont; and the question, if left to Portuguese decision alone, may be considered as settled in favor of *Donna Maria*. We see nothing but rumor as to any interference by Spain—and nothing authentic respecting the transporting of troops from England to Portugal, though the London Exchange was all in agitation on the 6th, because the Admiralty had advertised for *two transports of* 300 *tons each!* Lord Althorp, it will be seen, declined answering Mr. O'Connell's question whether Donna Maria would be immediately recognized by Great Britain.

The Spanish Ambassador at Lisbon, *Cordova*, was taken fighting with the Miguelites, and released unconditionally by the victors.

Miguel, it was surmised, would endeavor to escape to England.

Other accounts are that he was off for Spain. At any rate he was non-apparent.

In England, the bill removing the civil disabilities of the Jews was thrown out in the House of Lords—though supported by Lord Bexley and the Lord Chancellor—by a vote of 104 against 54 for the bill. The Archbishop of Canterbury, the Bishop of London, and the Clergy generally, (the Archbishop of Dublin voted for it)—the Duke of Wellington and the whole Tory party opposed it—Lord Grey was absent, and was understood as not wishing the bill to be considered a government measure.

A dreadful account is given, in the papers of the destruction by fire of the *Hibernia*, bound to Van Dieman's Land, with 232 passengers, of whom only 63 were saved.

London, August 6.—City, half past four; the city never was in such a state of excitement, as at present. Government has just issued a notice for vessels to act as tenders for three months certain. An order has just been posted at Lloyd's, for two transports to be got ready immediately, to convey troops (it is said 3000) to Portugal, as it is supposed It is said that Spain has sent forces to assist the Miguelite cause.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET—Aug 7.

Our Cotton Market continues steady. The sales on Saturday were 3500, on Monday 4000, yesterday 1000, and to day 2500.—Holders continue very firm in all descriptions, though there is rather more offering in North American cotton. There is a very small import so far this week.

Corn Market, August 6.—Since Tuesday last, the weather has continued uninterruptedly favorable for forcing the crops rapidly to maturity; reaping has already commenced partially, and with another week of such weather it will be very general throughout this district: this remark is also applicable to the chief Corn counties of Ireland.—This day's market was but thinly attended, and sales to a very limited extent were made of every kind of Grain, Flour, and Meal, at a decline of fully 4d to 5d on Wheat, 1s to 2s on Flour, 1d to 2d on Oats.

The Cotton Speculations.—We have been informed of various large sums of money suddenly made, within the last ten days, by the great and unexpected rise in this staple article. One instance as it did not occur here, we may be permitted to relate. A New Orleans merchant, largely concerned in the cotton trade, happening to be in New York, the notion took him to make a trip to Liverpool, to which he was in reality induced more by the superior accomodations of the New York packets, than from any call of business. He had no sooner landed in Liverpool, than he made himself in a few days perfectly familiar with the state of the Cotton market. This knowledge, united to his full acquaintance with the market in this country, satisfied him that a rise was about to take place in England. He proceeded to employ an agent, who purchased on his account a very large amount of Cotton. Before even the bills could be made out and the Cotton delivered to him, the rise in price which now agitates this market, suddenly took place; and so great was the advance from day to day, that in one week, the sagacious N. Orleans merchant resold his cotton without having been obliged even to pay porterage, for a cash advance of two hundred thousand dollars.—*Philadelphia Gazette.*

Example of Frugality.—The N. Y. Daily Advertiser argues for Saving Banks in this wise: "When the Savings Bank in this city was first opened, we recommended a person in our employ who, up to five and thirty years had never saved a dollar, to deposite the amount we then paid him, in the Savings Bank; he did so, and continued to increase the sum until it reached $2000, when he invested it very judiciously in a piece of real estate, the rent of which at this time, is sufficient to support himself and family."

Liberality of the South.—The rail road from Charleston to Hamburg, in South Carolina, is one hundred and forty-two miles long. In its course it passes through some valuable plantations, and consequently through some very valuable land. The proprietors of these lands did not charge the rail road company with one cent for the right of way.

We are told that the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal Company had to pay seventy-five thousand dollars for fourteen miles, on the line of that canal.—*Examiner.*

FROM "THE HARBINGER."

GAMA GRASS.

Amidst the profusion of delightful prospects with which the traveller is presented in the midland counties of North Carolina, there occur certain dark and unsightly spots —*the old fields*. How often as we have hurried past them have we inquired whether this work of devastation and ruin is to go on forever, tract after tract to be disforested, exhausted and thrown aside until the whole shall have become a waste desert? There is no room for doubt that it has been the tendency of our tillage during the century it has been under cultivation, to *impoverish* the soil. Nor until recently has any remedy of *general application*, and competent to arrest the progress of the evil, presented itself.

It has appeared to us that the only prospect of extensive and permanent improvement was to be found in the discovery of some plant, which, rising early in the spring, should cover the earth during the whole summer, affording, if possible, food for stock, and furnishing in the fall a large body of vegetable matter, answering the purpose of manure. It has further appeared that a plant in order to be altogether suited to our purpose, must be native to our latitude. If from a lower latitude it would not endure the rigours of our winter, if from a higher, wanting the cool and moist atmosphere that is natural to it—it would require, as an equivalent, the very best of our soil, as Timothy, Orchard and other Foreign grasses are known to do, succeeding but indifferently after all. We indulged the hope, therefore, that when Mexico, California, China, Thibet and Persia came to be laid open to the unrestrained researches of Botanists, some vegetable would be discovered, whose seed scattered over our old fields, should convert them into rich pastures. We had no idea that the great desideratum was just at our door.

If any farmer shall be doubtful in regard to the utility of the Gama Grass, let him think what would be the addition made to his means if the old fields that have been thrown out as not worth the trouble of keeping up the fences, were to acquire the power of yielding, both summer and winter, food —and with the necessity of so much labour only on his part as should be required for collecting it—to large herds of neat cattle. If this were to occur generally throughout the country, would not its agriculture be completely revolutionized. For beef, milk and butter would be rendered abundant in a degree hitherto unknown, and whilst engaged in preparing them for the market, a vast amount of manure would be an *incidental product* to be employed in rendering that portion of the soil still cultivated with the plough beyond comparison more productive than before.

It is the distinguishing characteristic of the Gama Grass that it will grow with vigor upon a dry and meager soil, and that vegetables may have this property no person will doubt who has seen the long-leaved pine flourishing on the sand hills, nor when it is claimed for it that it will cover our high ridges with a luxuriant vegetation, do we represent it as differing in any means, as widely from every other grass, as the pine does from the cypress.

It will not, therefore, in most instances, be necessary for the farmer to give up any part of his land that is now under tillage, to this new culture. If the grass have one-half of the valuable properties that *appear* to belong to it, he will produce magnificent fat bullocks on those old fields, over which a single miserable cow may now be seen to cast a melancholy look, and stand debating the point with herself whether it be possible for her to pick up a reasonable breakfast there. As he will also without devoting any part of his labour to that particular object, be furnished with an immense body of manure, he may conform to a rule so often repeated without due consideration of the possibility, under existing circumstances, of observing it, at least in the sense in which it is commonly understood—*of cultivating less land, and cultivating it thoroughly* The soil of the country, instead of being impoverished, may become richer from year to year.

The Gama Grass is of frequent occurrence in Orange and probably in most of the upper counties. Specimens of it having been exhibited in Hillsborough during the past week, (August,) it was immediately recognized by many gentlemen, who were there attending the Court, as an old acquaintance. There was a general agreement in regard to the vigour of its growth and its property of flourishing on the poorest soils.—"It would grow any where." It was stated also to produce a large body of roots, through which the plough can with difficulty be driven. In cases where it has occurred, associated with other grasses in meadow land, it does not appear to have been a favorite—running up to seed and becoming hard before the others are fit for the scythe But when the plan was proposed of cutting it every month, it was thought that treated in this way it might answer.

The collection of seeds will be a matter of some difficulty—the ripening commencing at the extremity of the head, and each seed having a tendency to fall as it comes to maturity—but with care a sufficient quantity may be saved. We may be doomed to disappointment here as in other cases, but the prospects are fair—let us get afloat on the tide of experiment as soon as possible. The individual who offers these few remarks to the readers of the Harbinger, is not much given to enthusiasm on any subject; but in regard to the Gama Grass, is sanguine in the expectation and belief that a vast addition will be made by it to the numbers, wealth and comforts of the population of North Carolina. N.

We have seen a specimen of *Cotton Cloth* manufactured by the Merchant's Company of this place, which has been pronounced by good judges to be equal to any thing of the kind ever made in this country. The same description of goods made by the "Petersburg Company," are so advantageously known in our market, as to render it unnecessary to speak of them. We are pleased to learn that the Cotton Yarns of these two Companies are much sought after, and that whenever they have entered the northern markets, they have always attained the highest prices.—*Petersburg Times.*

The $700 advertised in this paper of yesterday as *lost*, was found by an *honest lad*, named Andrew H. Stevens, and returned to the owner, from whom he received the *fifty dollars reward*, which his parents will place in the Savings Bank for him. Let this encourage other youths, who may happen to find lost money, to return it promptly to the loser. This lad has thus made friends who may be hereafter extensively useful to him.—*Mercantile Adv.*

From the Baltimore American.

A pamphlet, has been published in Augusta, (Geo.) by one of the Engineers on the Charleston & Hamburg Rail Road, addressed to the "Friends of Internal Improvement in the Southern States." It consists mainly of an inquiry into the cost and plan of construction of that road, compared with other roads in the country, and an argument drawn from these premises, in favor of the superior advantages which the South possesses over the North, in establishing this kind of improvement.

These advantages are, the greater abundance and cheapness of good timber; the character of the country which, especially in the pine regions within 100 miles of the seaboard, requires a less undulating profile; the absence of frosts, which at the north create necessity of large expenditures; the saving of expense in the employment of slave labor, which is put at 50 per cent; and the cheapness of land, which frequently affords almost a gratuitous right of way.—These inferences and calculations are sustained by a comparison between the actual final cost of the South-Carolina road, enjoying all these advantages, with that of the most prominent northern roads, in progress or completed. We make the following table of the result, from the pamphlet which is published in the Charleston Courier of the 12th. In comparing the cost of the several works mentioned, their character for permamency and durability must of course be taken into view, in order to arrive at a just estimate of their relative expense of construction.

	Length.	*Cost per mile.*
South Carolina	135 miles	$6,700
Camden and Amboy	61 (estimated)	18,366
Newcastle and Frenchtown	16	25,000
Hudson and Mohawk	15¾	50,000
Baltimore and Ohio	70 about	30,000
Carbondale	—	20,000

The disproportion in these cases is increased by the consideration, that in the South Carolina estimate, $6,700 per mile, are included all expenditures of every description, steam engines, cars, &c. while in all other estimates these are excluded, forming additional items of charge. By these figures the writer (Mr. A. A. Dexter) makes the average cost of Rail-Roads at the north not less than $30,000 per mile, or more than four times more than that of the South-Carolina Rail-Road, and by inference than Rail-Roads, in general, in that part of the country. He adds, that although the country through which the S. Carolina Rail-Road passes is one of the poorest in the United States, yet a great improvement is already visible along the whole line. His calculations upon the increased value of the lands, give the average rise in price at $1 per acre within two miles of the road, or upon 179,000 acres of land. In some places land has risen 500 to 1000 per cent. and several towns and villages have begun to spring up.

Norfolk, Va., August 31.

The *North Carolina* 74, which went into the Dry Dock on Tuesday last, came out and returned to her moorings, off the Navy Yard, yesterday about noon, the necessary examination and repairs of her bottom having been completed.

The above paragraph is a further instance of the great value of the Dry Dock recently erected by the United States at Gosport, and is an admirable commentary on that political wisdom which inculcates the doctrine that all public improvements are public nuisances. The friends of Internal Improvement have reason to be proud of the *works* which illustrate their political faith.

The entire success and demonstrated value of these Dry Docks furnish us, moreover, another moral. It is, not to undervalue and ridicule any project, merely because it is new, or because we do not comprehend it. We are not among those who profess unlimited veneration for every thing that Mr. Jefferson ever said or did: on the contrary, we think there are some things which he had better never have said, and others which he had better have left undone. But we can well remember that the themes of constant ridicule on the part of his political opponents, and which served them a good purpose in electioneering, when serious arguments failed them, were, Mr. Jefferson's Salt-mountains, Horned-frogs, and Dry-docks. In the space of time which has since intervened, we have had unquestionable evidence of the existence of mounds as well as plains of Salt; we have ourselves in our possession one of the horned Frogs; and the great importance as well as entire practicability of the Dry-docks are now established, by successful experiment, to the satisfaction of the most prejudiced and most incredulous.—*Nat. Int.*

Louisville, August 28.

This city during the last week has been almost nightly disturbed by bodies of men engaged in tearing down houses, occupied by a certain class of females. We understand, that on Saturday night two persons were shot, one of whom has since died. That houses of the description of those alluded to, are injurious to the public morals, and that they are serious nuisances in their respective neighborhoods, cannot be denied; but cannot other means be adopted to suppress them than this wanton destruction of private property? If the city authorities have not sufficient power to suppress them, by the enactment of efficient laws, let application be made to the legislature, to vest that body with all necessary authority. We understand that some sixty or seventy presentments for violation of law, have been preferred by the Grand Jury at the present session of the Court.—*Herald.*

Biography of Gen. Jackson.—We learn from the Utica (N. Y.) Observer, that a gentleman is now in that city for the purpose of procuring subscriptions for a Biography of Andrew Jackson, which will also contain his Proclamation to the people of South Carolina and his Inaugural Address. The book will contain a portrait of the General, a view of the battle ground at New Orleans, and of the Hermitage.

How to gain an election.—The Lexington Intelligencer speaking of the late election of congressmen, in Kentucky, states that in the fifth district, Mr. Letcher was elected by a clear and undisputed majority of 60 votes over Mr. Moore; but that at the meeting of the sheriffs of the several counties in the district, the sheriff of Lincoln county, which gave Mr. Letcher a majority of 149 votes, *refused to exhibit the poll books of the county*, without which Mr. Moore had a majority in the district. This refusal being accepted by the board of sheriffs as a sufficient return from that county, they certified the election of Mr. Moore.—*Courier.*

From the New York American.

The Postmaster General, Mr. Barry, was entertained at a public dinner, at Nashville, (Tenn.) on the 21st ult., as a testimony to "his services in the cause of democratic principles" in times past, "and in approbation! of his official conduct." In accepting the invitation Mr. Barry, in the approved style of Royal flatterers, says—

I feel proud that my services in the cause of democratic principles are thought well of by any portion of my countrymen, especially those who are the neighbors and friends of Gen. Jackson, by whose appointment I am honored with the station I now fill. If my services are thought to have been such as to merit his regard, before I received this high evidence of his confidence, I hope fidelity to him and a correct discharge of my public duties since, has proven that I was not unworthy of it. Of this I have the most satisfactory evidence in the approbation that you have so kindly expressed of my official conduct.

"*His* regard," and "fidelity to *him*"! Very democratic all this, doubtless. It is of the genuine school of him who thinks it "glory enough to have served under such a Chief."

The company was called upon to drink, and Mr. Barry had the face to receive, and make a speech in reply to, the following toast:—

Our respected Guest, WM. T. BARRY—The able, faithful and efficient Head of an important and difficult Department of the General Government: the public appreciate his labors, and honor him for his services.

Civilization.—A controversy of the most acrimonious nature has been for some time going on between the Editor of the Louisville (Ky.) Focus and a Mr. Trotter, also formerly an Editor, who killed young Wickliffe in a duel some years ago. A challenge has recently passed between them; but as the parties could not agree about weapons or distances, there was no fight: but there has been abundance of writing since, which finally resulted as stated in the annexed paragragh from the Focus, of 24th ultimo.

Attempt at Assassination – On my way from my office to my lodging, last evening, I passed G. J. Trotter on Market street, a few doors below the Post-Office. As I approached, he retired behind a large gentleman, who was standing near, and, after I had passed about ten feet beyond the place where he stood, he stepped forward, drew a pistol, and fired at my back. The ball grazed my side, inflicting a slight wound. I drew a short pistol, which I wore about my person, presented and snapped it. I then closed with Trotter, and bore him to the pavement, the dirk, which he had worn rather ostentatiously all day, dropping upon the pavement, and leaving the wretch utterly defenceless. I held him upon his back several minutes; and nerveless and weak enough I found him—but, for my soul, I could not slay him though my weapons were at my fingers' ends.

I have been warned against these attempts at murder, but I *could* not realize that Geo. J. Trotter, ferocious, blood thirsty, and cowardly as he is, could meditate so dastardly a deed. He was attended by his right trusty friend and cousin H. C. Pope, who seized this opportunity, in the confusion, to snap his pistol at Mr. Cocke, against whom it seems he entertained a grudge; but, upon the advance of Mr. Cocke, who is a very resolute man, the little gentleman skipped away and eloped from the scene through an open window. I now give notice, in sober seriousness, that I will accept no more challenges from any of this crew. In obedience to "custom," I have offered fair and honorable combat, but honor and fair dealing are thrown away upon enemies of this temper. Let them not however be emboldened by this pledge, nor secretly exult in their own safety. To prevent "assassination" I wear arms, and to chastize insolence I have a cane. It is for the civil authorities to determine how much farther these things are to be tolerated in a country which is under the government of law.

GEO. D. PRENTICE.

LONDON.

Extract of a letter from a friend in London to a gentleman in Boston:

"In my last I spoke of the Police of London. It is strange, but true, that a female may walk seven miles from one end of the *town* to the other end of the *city*, at midnight, with much less risk of insult, than she could from our Post Office to Winter street, at dusk! In the very lowest purlieus of St. Giles', it is safer than in our principal streets; the reason is, *the gas enlightens all – the Police sees all.* Then what adds greatly to the full execution of, and regard for, the municipal regulations, is the calling of *informers*, a number of whom make it a business to avail themselves of the fines they can compel law-breakers to pay at Bow street, the Mansion House, and other offices. The Earl of Liverpool appeared a few mornings since before the Mayor, to answer a complaint by Buyers, the informer, and was fined, all for not having his christian and sir name on a vehicle used to break horses, (not laws) called a breaker, on which was duly printed, 'The Earl of Liverpool,' &c. These fellows are better city marshals than our indefatigable friend. Do you ever hear bad news about this country or its government, or that a crisis is at hand, national debt, taxation, &c. &c.? There is no danger; no sudden dissolution or revolution will happen. Taxes—why they remind one of the man in the play, who being charged with debt, said he was able to owe! Never was Britain more truly prosperous, or a greater nation, than she now is, always bating the cringing and bowing of the commoner to the Lord, the Lord to the Duke, the Duke to the King, the King to his Ministers, and they to the people—in a circle!"—*Boston D. Adv.*

Mischievous effects of Anonymous Letters.—In the Bankruptcy Court yesterday, Thomas Arber, builder, of the Horse-ferry road, appeared to pass his last examination, when it appeared there was a balance of £6,349 in his favor; his property consists of freehold and leasehold, and he was driven into the Gazette for a bankrupt, in consequence of some secret enemy writing anonymously to his creditors, reflecting on the state of his affairs.—*London Paper.*

FROM THE PETERSBURG

We have already informed [illegible] the completion of the Rail [illegible] this place and Blakeley on [illegible] The arrangements for carry[illegible] Southern Mail and Passenge[illegible] full operation. As this road [illegible] very important link in the chain [illegible] nication between the North and [illegible] we have obtained from a friend [illegible] formation of travellers, the following [illegible] ment of its advantages:

"The Mail and Passengers are [illegible] ported, by aid of the Rail Ro[illegible] Petersburg and Fayetteville, a [illegible] distance 219 miles—from this [illegible] more, by the way of Norfolk [illegible] boats, in 28 hours; by the way [illegible] ton, in 32 hours; from Baltimore [illegible] delphia, in 9 hours; making the [illegible] taken in travelling from Fayet[illegible] through Petersburg to Philadel[illegible] hours—and such is the arrange[illegible] line that the passengers are not [illegible] their rest but *one night*. The [illegible] Blakely to Fayetteville, is [illegible] of the best in the Southern [illegible] horses and coaches first rate. [illegible] aware that any route of comm[illegible] the South to the North, pre[illegible] comforts and conveniences to [illegible] as the above."

FROM THE NATIONAL INTE[illegible]

The Bank Question.—In [illegible] we admitted, *for the sake of* [illegible] a single local Bank might be [illegible] acting (at great expense to [illegible] however) the business, for the [illegible] the United States, which is now [illegible] free of charge, by the Bank of [illegible] States. We now retract th[illegible] which nothing but the purpose [illegible] ment could have justified our [illegible] local Bank, we now maintain, [illegible] expense, satisfactorily supplie[illegible] a Bank of the U. States, should [illegible] be deprived of the aid of such [illegible] by suffering the charter of [illegible] to expire.

We do not hesitate to say, [illegible] no single Bank, but no set [illegible] can afford the same security [illegible] facilities to the Treasury for the [illegible] transfer of its funds, as those [illegible] nished by the Bank of the U[illegible] What State Bank in New York [illegible] Philadelphia, would transfer [illegible] dollars, at one stroke of the [illegible] and without one day's notice, [illegible] for instance, as the Bank of [illegible] has done? Or, in the same [illegible] notice, could have transferred [illegible] West, and South to North, [illegible] the *sixteen millions* which the [illegible] lished by order of the Senate [illegible] the last Session, shews that [illegible] ferred during the year 183[illegible] certain that no State Bank [illegible] out notice, and the allowance [illegible] extent in some cases probably [illegible] —a delay which, it must be obv[illegible] one, would entirely frustrate [illegible] the Government in having tran[illegible]

What sufficient security, m[illegible] any State Bank give for the [illegible] ment of sums of money so far [illegible] mount of its capital or its resou[illegible] suppose the Treasury to have [illegible] trust any State Bank so em[illegible] control, or right of supervisi[illegible] that Bank to enable it to [illegible] treasure from dilapidation? [illegible] multiply, without end, [illegible] these, than it would be [illegible] them. They cannot [illegible] doubt, nevertheless, whether [illegible] been seriously weighed by [illegible] personal motives, are plotting [illegible] tion of the Bank of the United [illegible]

We challenge any one, who [illegible] tension to political sagacity, to [illegible] reason connected with the pub[illegible] the Government of the United [illegible] be made dependent on the Stat[illegible] the administration of the public [illegible]

THE MONEY MARK[illegible]

From the N. York Commercial Ad[illegible]

THE BANK.—Every body [illegible] the unfortunate wight at the [illegible] whom the constable found [illegible] please in the application of [illegible] tails. At first the officer [illegible] and then too low, and finally [illegible] such thing as pleasing the [illegible] just so with the Bank of the U[illegible] Do what they can, the directo[illegible] to satisfy the pensioned bran[illegible] institution. If they are liberal [illegible] counts, the object is bribery, [illegible] speculation, or to injure the [illegible] the promotion of over-trading [illegible] exercise of a prudent foresee[illegible] but sparingly—Oh horrible!—[illegible] to oppress the people—to ruin the [illegible] of the country, to bring on an [illegible] of bankruptcy and ruin. If t[illegible] balances out standing, they are [illegible] est mortals living, because [illegible] keep their affairs snug, to be [illegible] up. If they call in the said [illegible] monstrous, since the design is [illegible] local banks—to screw them up [illegible] they cannot accommodate them [illegible] If the Bank extends facilities to [illegible] in produce in the great West, [illegible] shocking, because the great West [illegible] rupt, and the Bank can never [illegible] tithe of its debts. If, on the other [illegible] Bank curtails its accommodation [illegible] requires notes of ninety days in[illegible] hundred and eighty it is more sho[illegible] because the object is to ruin ever[illegible] yond the mountains, by preventi[illegible] chase and sale of their produce. If [illegible] suffers its paper to float about [illegible] other Banks, the cry is, beware [illegible] bankrupt—it can never redeem [illegible] even the deposites are not safe. [illegible] other hand, it supplies itself with [illegible] which is its due, Och! murder in [illegible] is a run upon the State Bank—[illegible] the mammoth monster want of s[illegible]

…l so to the end of the chapter.
…g that the Bank does "is flat
…and there's the humor on't!

…SERVER.

…AYETTEVILLE:

…EVENING, SEPTEMBER 10, 1833.

…thern mail is now brought to this
…l hours earlier than heretofore,
…nce of its being transported from
… to the Roanoke on the Rail Road,
…arn is now in complete operation.

…les of New Cotton have been re-
…, and sold at 16 1-8 cents. We
…d that our merchants have not been
…folly of paying 25 cents, a price far
…arket value, either for the purpose
… the planter, or for the vain boast of
…igher than any others.

…*Grass.*—We are greatly pleas-
…is article attracting much atten-
… parts of the country; but espe-
…hout this State. The public is
…Mr. Meares as the first individ-
… Carolina to search it out, to
…nd to communicate the result
…ents. Every day adds to our
…t it is destined to be immense-
… the Eastern part of North Ca-
…has been recently ascertained,
…urishes in the middle counties.
…und in Wake, Orange, and e-
…st as Stokes, where it has been
…taneously, without its value be-
… That it will hereafter be culti-
…ively, no one can doubt who has
…ll vouched accounts of its im-
…ct. From 20 to 30 tons of cur-
… excellent quality to the acre,
…e valuable than any thing else
…ner can cultivate. Some of the
…s general cultivation are so well
… the last "Harbinger," that we
… the article, and refer our read-

…*rolina.*—The election for Mem-
…gress took place on Monday the
… the District of Charleston, which
…long represented by Col. Dray-
…was no regular opposition to the
… L. Pinckney, who was conse-
…ed by a large majority. In the
… District, so far as the returns
…ceived, Dr. Singleton, a Nulli-
… has a considerable majority over Mr.
… late member, and there appears
…ubt of the election of the former.
… is elected without opposition, and
… only Union member from S. C.
… Congress. From the other Dis-
…have not heard, but believe that
…no serious opposition to the old

…*Hail Storm.*—A hail storm of
…ent and violence, and attended
…isastrous consequences, than any
…ard of, occurred in this State on
…y the 28th ult. It extended from
…nty to Wayne county, (and how
…r we cannot say,) and was, as
… can ascertain, from six to twelve
…dth. In its course, it has literal-
…ed entire crops, in some places
…tton fields without a green leaf to
…oken down and broken to pieces,
… and ears of corn, so that the pro-
…e been forced to turn their hogs
…ume what would be otherwise
… Birds, Poultry, and Hogs have
…, the roofs of houses split to pie-
…n immense quantity of window
…n.
…tion was in some places half an
…hail fell to the depth of several
… the globules being from the size of
… egg to that of *a man's fist.* In-
…edible as this may appear, we have the
…om so many sources that we are
…erty to doubt it, or any of the above

…deal of suffering will follow this
…ed visitation. Many poor persons,
…le crops have been destroyed, and
… dependence is thus cut off, will
…peal to the charity of their neigh-

… glad to see that the parties to the
…y in Richmond County, in rela-
…late celebration of the 4th of July,
…y resolved to bring it to a close.
…n which the great majority of our
…e not interested. Therefore, after
…," shall have had the opportunity,
…ue to him, of replying to the arti-
… paper, our columns will be closed
…rties.

…*mposition.*—On the 13th ult. we
… the marriage of Mr. Wilson De-
…Miss Elizabeth Wall, of Montgo-
…nty. By the last mail from that
…we received a letter from Mr. D.
…hat any such marriage ever took
…d requesting us to contradict it,
… do cheerfully, as the only atone-
…an make to the injured feelings of
…. It is due to Mr. D. to state that
…cript account of the marriage was
…at this office by Samuel Benton,
…y who carries the mail between
…nd Lawrenceville, who now states
… given him by a person in Law-
… whom he does not know. We
…will serve as a clue to the detec-
… *base individual* who has been guil-
… a deliberate outrage; and that Mr.
…rrect him out and expose him.

…itor of the Carolina Watchman
…the following plan for raising funds
…osecution of such of our schemes of
…Improvement as may be deemed

…mmissioners be appointed to receive se-
… real estate and negroes free from in-
…: let these be pledged to the State at,
…lf or three fourths of their value. Let
…proceed to borrow money to the amount
…rities thus furnished and deal it out to
…ers in the proportions above stated, so
…individual has put in a thousand dollars
worth of property, he shall be entitled to 750 or 500 dollars worth of the stock thus paid for by the money borrowed. Of course the Stockholders are to be incorporated, and the money borrowed is to be paid over to their treasurer to be laid out by a directory to be appointed by the individual stockholders: but if the State shall choose to go into the enterprise, she can do so, with the provision, however, that the majority of the directory should always be appointed by individuals."

This is substantially the plan adopted by the State of Louisiana in the recent establishment of one of its mammoth Banking Institutions, and we believe was altogether successful. The Watchman argues, that by using the credit of the State, instead of individuals, money can be obtained upon the most favorable terms. The State would run no risk, nor would the subscribers, if the enterprise were a judicious one. The Watchman says that hundreds of citizens are looking to the next Legislature to do something for the improvement of the State, who will remove to the West if their expectations be not fulfilled.

To the Editor of the Observer.

The Grand Jury take pleasure in saying that they have examined the Jail, and find it in decent and comfortable order—more so than at any time whatever. Prisoners are duly and satisfactorily attended to, and express their grateful acknowledgments to Mr. Moore, Jailer, for his punctuality, &c.

D. BAKER, *Foreman.*
GILBERT CLARK, *Clerk.*
September 6th, 1833.

University of North Carolina.—We understand that the Trustees of this Institution have appointed Mr. *Walker Anderson*, of Hillsborough, to the Professor's Chair of Rhetoric and Belles Lettres, and have taken an *advisari* as to the appointment of Professor of Modern Languages.—*Raleigh Reg.*

Internal Improvement.—We learn, verbally, that the Internal Improvement meeting called at Pittsboro', Chatham County, on the 29th ult. was numerously attended, and that a proper spirit prevailed. Gov. Swain was present from this City, and presided over the deliberations of the Convention. Fayetteville was represented by a highly respectable delegation, several of whom took an active part in the business of the meeting. We are promised a detailed account of the proceedings, which we shall take pleasure in publishing. It was resolved, we understand, to take immediate steps towards the improvement of the Cape Fear River *above* Fayetteville; and the Members elect to the Legislature, from that county, were instructed to vote for a subscription by the State, of two fifths of Stock in any incorporated Company for the purpose of Internal Improvement, in which the other three fifths have been previously taken by individuals, pursuant to the recommendation of the Convention held in this City, on the 4th of July.—*Raleigh Register.*

The Cotton Market.—The Augusta Chronicle, of the 4th inst. says:—"Stock on hand, on the 31st ult. 849 bales.—71 bales of the new crop, have been received, of which 18 came in yesterday. The principal sales of old Cotton, since our last report, have been made at 15½ a 16½, and of new, at 18¼ a 19¾. The accounts of the growing crop are very unfavorable, and continually becoming more so. It was much affected by the severe rains, and since much more so by the present drought.

Extract of a Letter dated Columbia, Sept. 3.

"Business is getting little better—some 40 or 50 bales new Cotton have arrived, and sold at 18 a 20 cents.

New Orleans, Aug. 26.

New Crop.—Four bales of cotton, received yesterday, consigned to M. White, were of the New Crop, and sold in Baton Rouge, the place of shipment, for a fraction over 16 cents per lb.—*Bulletin.*

Another bale of new cotton was sold in this place on Wednesday last at 18¼ cents. We learn from the Pee Dee Gazette, of the 3d inst. that a load was sold in Cheraw at 15½ cents. Cotton we believe, commands a better price in Camden, than in any other market in the State.—*Camden Journal.*

The first bale of new Cotton was received here by the Rail Road on the 29th August, from Capt. Wm. Moody of Northampton N. C. and will probably be the first in Liverpool, as it is on board the Ship Tally Ho, to sail in 3 or 4 days.—*Petersburg Times.*

Columbus, (Geo.) Aug. 31.

New Cotton.—A bale of prime new Cotton was brought to this market on Thursday morning last, and purchased by Mr. Geo. W. Dillingham at *twenty-five* cents; and another in the evening was purchased by Mess. Harpen & Dewis at *twenty-five and a quarter* cents. These are the highest prices given any where that we have heard from this season.

The Rail Road.—From the various subscription returns, it is ascertained that upwards of Four Hundred Thousand Dollars have been subscribed for the Rail Road from Raleigh to this place, by the way of Waynesborough. We congratulate the friends of this measure on the certain prospect of success that awaits them, and the citizens of the State on the approaching change in the destiny of North Carolina. We look upon this but as the opening of a cheerful day—as the first step towards a long course of improvements, that shall develope the rich resources of our State, and place her in the situation, to which her intelligence and wealth entitle her.—*Wilmington Press.*

Convention.—From fifteen counties there are 14,939 for a Convention and 663 against it. We do not expect a proportionate majority so vast as this could be obtained throughout the State, yet we have no doubt but 3 to 1 of the whole number of voters desire a Convention.—*Wilmington Press.*

The York (Pa.) Republican, in noticing the proposition of Amos Kendall to the State banks to receive the public deposites, holds the following pleasant language, by way of hypothesis:

"Suppose now, for one moment that $100,000 of these public deposites were put into the Bank here in York, and pretty soon after, these funds should be wanted by Uncle Sam in Pensacola, to pay off a ship of war, whose hands were about to be discharged, how would the York bank get there? Hire Landley Meads and Tom Brown with their carts to haul them there we presume, for nobody is fool enough to suppose that those sailors would take checks upon a Bank here—you might just as soon expect that Jack would take his pay in the barnacles, fresh scraped from the ship's bottom."

Mr. Gaston.—The following just and well merited tribute to the talents and virtues of our distinguished fellow citizen, *William Gaston*, is from the Jonesborough (Ten.) Republican:

"We invite the attention of our readers to the very able and interesting address of the committee of the Internal Improvement Convention of North Carolina which will be found on our first page; with the exception of a few passages, applicable to the peculiar condition of that state, the address is equally as interesting to the citizens of Tennessee, as to those of North Carolina. If as must be admitted, our parent state has ample ground to reproach herself with a culpable negligence, in not improving those means of prosperity which a bountiful Providence has placed within her reach; she is, perhaps, not less reprehensible for having withheld from the nation, the services of the virtuous, patriotic and enlightened citizen, who is said to be the author of the address. Such men as Mr. Gaston, are too rarely to be found in any country, to justify the leaving them long in retirement. We by no means wish to depreciate the fame of North Carolina, or the intellectual and moral character of her sons; but we are much mistaken, if she can boast of any one amongst them as well qualified by high intellectual attainments, purity of moral character and ardent patriotism to confer lasting glory on his state, and permanent good on the nation, as the distinguished individual we have named. Certain we are that he has few equals any where.

CINCINNATI, OHIO, Aug. 27.—*Summary Justice.*—On Saturday night last, about two o'clock, the warehouse of Messrs. Kilgour & Taylor, on Front street, in this city, was entered by a back door, from whence, by means of a barrel and plank, the robber ascended to the upper stories through the hatchways, from where, it is supposed, he fell, and dashed his brains out against the barrel which he had made use of to ascend by.

Eloquence of the Bar.—It seems to be the aim of the Advocates in Courts of Justice at the present day, to substitute declamation for argument—constantly appealing to the *feelings* and *passions*. The celebrated lawyer, judge and Christian, Sir Mathew Hale, was a great enemy to all eloquence or rhetoric in pleading. He said, "if the Judge or Jury had a right understanding, it signified nothing but a waste of time and loss of words—and if they were weak and easily wrought on, it was only a more direct way of corrupting them by bribing their fancies, and biassing their affections."

DIED,

In Wilmington, on the 31st ult., WILLIAM USHER, Sen. aged 35, a native of Ireland, and for 14 years a citizen of New Hanover county.

At Smithville, on the 2d inst. LUCY MERIWETHER, daughter of Dr. T. J. C. Monroe, U. S. Army, in her 7th year.

In Wilmington, on Tuesday last, Mrs. ALMIRA MEILAN, wife of Anthony Meilan, Esq. British Vice Consul for North Carolina.

COMMERCIAL RECORD.

ARRIVED, on the 4th, Waddill's boat Ann Smith, with Goods to Willkings & Co., Yarbrough & Ray, J. Waddill, Jr., J. Jones, A. Graham, Jones Fuller, W. McIntyre, E. L. Winslow D. Shaw, of this place; and J. Murphy, Murphy & Taylor, C. P. Morman, S. Lemly & Son, E. Davidson, Evans, Horne & Co., W. King of the interior.

ARRIVED, August 28th, Henrietta Steam Boat Company's Boat Clarendon, with Groceries, Sack Salt, Dry Goods and Hardware, for O. P. Stark, J. Fuller, C. T. Haigh, Jas. Baker, Willkings & Co., Yarbrough & Ray, J. W. Pearce and Thos. Sandford & Co. of this place, and Judiah Smith & Co. and R. Brummell of the interior.

ARRIVED, August 31st, Henrietta Steam Boat Company's Boat Only Son, with Dry Goods, Hardware and Groceries, for T. Sandford & Co., O. P. Stark, Lewis & Ross, Elijah Fuller and J. Fuller.

ARRIVED, September 5th, Henrietta Steam Boat Company's Boat Messenger, with Coffee, Dry Goods and Hardware, for T. Sandford & Co., Yarbrough & Ray, Elijah Fuller, W. S. Latta, J. Fuller and Willkings & Co.

DEPARTED, August 31st, Henrietta Steam Boat Company's Boat Clarendon, with Cotton and Flour, for W. Whitehead.

DEPARTED, Sept. 5th, Henrietta Steam Boat Company's Boat Only Son, with Cotton and Flour, for W. Whitehead & W. S. Latta.

DEPARTED, Sept. 7th, Henrietta Steam Boat Company's Boat Messenger, with Feathers, Flour, Cotton, Lard and Tobacco, for W. Whitehead, L. Brown and H. Horn.

Port of Wilmington.

Arrived up to September 4.

Brig Hope from Portland. Schrs. Wm. Henry from Charleston, Comet from New York.

Fayetteville Market.—Brandy, peach, 55 a 60. Do. apple, 45 a 50. Bacon, 8½ a 9½. Beeswax 17 a 17½. Coffee 13½ a 15. Cotton, 11½ a 16. Corn 57 a 62. Flaxseed, $1 a 1 25. Flour, new 5 50 a $6. Feathers 34 a 36. Iron 4½ a 5½. Molasses 35 a 36. Nails, cut, 6⅛ a 6¼. Sugar, brown, 9½ a 11½; Lump 14; Loaf 15 a 18. Salt 65 a 75. Wheat 85 a 90. Whiskey 30 a 35. Tobacco, (leaf) 3½ a 3¾. Wool 19 a 20. Cotton Bagging 20 cts. per yd. Bale Rope 8½ a 10.

RATES OF EXCHANGE.

Checks on the North, $500 and over, ¼ per cent. under $500, ½ per cent.
South Carolina Notes 1½ per cent. discount.
Virginia Notes 2 per cent. discount.

Taken Up,

AND committed to the Jail of Cumberland County, on the 7th instant, a negro man who calls himself CÆSAR, and says he belongs to Maurice Waddell, and is hired to James Moore, of Brunswick County, N. C. He is about 37 years of age. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take him away, or he will be dealt with as the law directs.

FREDERICK MOORE, Jailer.
Fayetteville, Sept. 8, 1833. 48-tf.

NEW GOODS.

THE Subscriber has just received from N. York his Fall supply of Fancy GOODS, consisting in part of

Superfine blue and black CLOTH.
Invisible green, olive, brown and mixt do.
Double mill'd blue and black Cassimere,
Single mill'd Cassimere, very fine (for vesting)
Brown, striped and mixt Sattinets, good quality,
Black silk Velvet, a superior article,
Figured do do do.
Rattinets, Circassians and Bombazetts,
Brown Hollands, steam loom Shirting and cotton Drillings,
Green Baize and Flannel,
Padding, Canvass and Tilleting,
Silk, Twist and Buttons,

All of which are fresh and handsome, and will be sold very low.

☞ He still continues to carry on the *TAILORING BUSINESS*, at his new stand on Hay street. Those who may favor him with their custom may rest assured, that his work shall be executed in a neat, durable and Fashionable style.

ARCHIBALD GRAHAM.
Fayetteville, Sept. 9. 48 3w.

REMOVAL.

THOS. SANDFORD & CO.,

HAVE removed their Auction and Commission Establishment to the large and commodious Store on Hay street, immediately opposite the Lafayette Hotel, lately occupied by Mr. Jones Fuller, where they offer their services to the public in their line of business. Liberal advances will be made on consignments of Goods. They will also receive and forward Goods and Produce, and attend to any Agency Business entrusted to their care.

—They offer for sale—

100 bags Cuba COFFEE,
75 do Rio do.
75 hhds Molasses,
2500 bushels Turks Island Salt,
20 qr. casks Malaga and Sherry Wine,
10 bags Pepper and Spice,
50 boxes Soap,
50 reams wrapping Paper,
10 boxes claret Wine,
50 boxes Raisins,
50 casks cut Nails,
50 casks Lime,
Champaigne Wine, Hyson and imp. Tea,
Bbls. Gin, pipes French Brandy, &c. &c.

Fayetteville, Sept. 10. 48tf.

NOTICE.

THE Subscriber is desirous of purchasing a good *SADDLE HORSE*, and will give a fair price for a fast walker and easy trotter.

WILLIAM L. MILLER.
September 7, 1833. 48-2w.

LEATHER & SHOE STORE,

AT THE BIG BOOT,

4 doors East of Market Square, Person st.

THE Subscriber has recommenced the Manufacture of Boots and Shoes, and is prepared to fill orders in the above business for any description of article in that line—made out of best materials and of warranted workmanship.

With the above, I will always keep on hand, a general assortment of *Northern Work*, of every description of fashion, kind, and price.

LEATHER.

A general assortment, wholesale and retail.

Sole and Upper Leather,
Best Skirting and Harness,
Kip and calf Skins, of every variety,
Lining and binding Skins, do do.
Coach Linings, Cochineal, blue and black,
Hatter's Linings, Shoe Thread, Varnish, Blacking, and general Findings, &c. &c.

As I am determined to do a *Cash Business exclusively*, my customers may confidently expect to find prices corresponding.

W. L. HAWLEY.

☞ N. B. Ready made Work always on hand, and Repairing done at short notice.

W. L. H.
Fayetteville, Sept. 9. 48tf.

Notice.

PURSUANT to an order made by the Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, September Term, 1833, I shall proceed to sell, at the Court House in Fayetteville, on Monday, the 21st day of October next, the following pieces or parcels of Land, or so much thereof as will satisfy the taxes due to the Town of Fayetteville, for 1832, viz:

		Tax.
2 Lots,	Geo R. Ferguson's, on Maiden Lane and Orange streets, valued at $510, including 2 polls.	$4 55
1 do.	North street, David Gillis's, valued $50,	25
1 do.	Moore street, Betsey Burkloe's, valued $50, two years tax,	50
1 do.	Maiden Lane, D. McCall's, valued $500, and one poll,	3 50
	Unlisted, subject to Double Tax.	
1	Lot on Wilmington Road, Cato Bryant's, valued at $200, and one poll,	$2 00
1 do.	Mumford street, Wm. McB. Bowen's, valued at $50,	25
2 do.	Mason Ally and Rowan street, Polly Black's, valued at $550,	2 75
1 do.	Green street, Frances Bowen's, valued at $400,	2 00
1 do.	North street, John Douglass's, valued at $150, and one poll,	1 75
1 do.	Hay street, John Ellis's, valued at $100	50
1 do.	Bow street, E. Hammond's, valued $50	25
1 do.	Ann street, Ann Jenkin's, valued $150	75
1 do.	Maiden Lane, Heirs of Council, valued at $200,	1 00
1 do.	Hay street, Jesse Birdsall's, valued at $200,	1 00
3 do.	Moore street, Jane Maxwell's, valued at $400,	2 00

G. DEMING, Collector.
Fayetteville, Sept. 6, 1833. 48-*ts.*

Meltonsville Academy,

ANSON COUNTY, N. CAROLINA.

THE Trustees announce to the public, that this Institution is in successful operation, under the direction of Mr. William C. Legrand, whose qualifications are of the first order, and who has made great proficiency in the mental and moral improvement of the Students committed to his care. The Trustees confidently hope, that from the superior qualifications of the Superintendant, the salubrity of the situation, the good morals of the neighborhood, together with the advantages of Methodist and Baptist preaching, a Sunday School and Temperance Society, that a liberal patronage will be received from the public. The Trustees pledge themselves to visit the Academy, observe the progress of the Students and see that good order is preserved.

The terms of Tuition are $12, $16 or $20 per annum, according to the scale of education adopted. Boarding can be obtained in respectable Houses at $5 or $6 per month, including Bedding and Washing. By order of the Trustees,

D. A. COVINGTON, *Sec'y.*
September 9, 1833. 49tf.

Cheap Boots and Shoes.

THE Subscriber is prepared to manufacture Boots at from $4 50 to $6 50 per pair, and Shoes at prices as low as they can be sold in this place.

PELEG PEARCE.
September 10, 1833.

NEW STORE AND NEW GOODS.

G. J. STREETY,

WOULD inform his friends and the public generally, that he has just received from New York, and is now opening in the Brick Store, one door East of R. Maynard & Co's. Drug Store, North side Person Street, an entire new and splendid assortment of French, English, India and American, SUMMER, FALL and WINTER

GOODS.

The following comprise in part my present Stock:

☞ DRY GOODS.—Cloths, Cassimeres, Flannels, Sattinetts, Padding, Circassians, Bombazetts, Osnaburgs, Irish Linen, Linen Cambric Handkerchiefs, Lawns, Muslins, Laces and Edgings, New style Prints, Calicoes, Ginghams, Silks, Belts, Fancy and set Ribbons of all sorts, Gentlemen's black and fancy Handkerchiefs, Merino Shawls and Handkerchiefs, Ladies' & Gentlemen's Gloves, Ladies' and Gentlemen's assorted Hosiery, Gentlemen's Pongee Handkerchiefs, Vestings, Shawls and Handkerchiefs, Parasols, Umbrellas, Kid Gloves, Spool Floss and Threads, Sewing Silk, Pins, Needles, Braids, Tapes, Furniture Chintz, Pocket Books, Buckram, Suspenders, Tortoise-shell, Brazilian and Mock Combs of every description, Artificial Flowers and Wreaths, Tooth Brushes, Cologne and Lavender Waters, Buttons, Coat and assorted Pearl Shirt.

☞ DOMESTICS.—Bleached & unbleached Shirtings and Sheetings, Blue Plaids, Apron and Furniture Checks, Bed Ticking, &c.

☞ HARDWARE AND CUTLERY.—Scissors, Knives and Forks, Pocket and Pen Knives, Table and Tea Spoons, Augers, Snuffers, Locks of various kinds, Tacks, Files, Hand Saws, Gimblets, Frying Pans, Curry Combs of a superior kind, Razors, Strops, Spectacles, Thimbles, Tea Trays, Shaving Boxes, Soap, Brushes, Screws, Awls, Pincers, Hammers, Hinges, Brass Butts, Brass Knob Locks, Cast Butts, Drawing and Cutting Knives, Scythes, Snuff Boxes, Shovels and Spades, Coffee Mills: *Also*, Iron, Steel, Nails, Hoes, Axes, Chains, Castings, &c.

☞ CLOTHING, &c.—Gentlemen's and Ladies' Cloaks.

☞ SHOES AND BOOTS.—A good assortment of all qualities of Shoes, comprising Gentlemen's, Ladies, Boys', Girls' and Infants' Shoes and Boots, Gentlemen's Pumps, Negro Shoes, &c. &c. *Also*, Ladies' best quality Satin, Kid, Prunella and Bronze Shoes.

☞ HATS AND BONNETS.—Gentlemen's and Boys' Beaver and Fur Hats, Ladies' Leghorn and New Pattern Straw Bonnets.

☞ FANCY GOODS.—A superior lot of Jewelry, among which are Ear Rings, Finger Rings, breast Pins, pencil Cases, watch Chains, Keys and Seals; also, gentlemen's dirk Knives, of a superior quality, Gentlemen's Walking Canes, with a Rifle enclosed in them, which will carry its ball with great precision 100 yards.

☞ CHINA, GLASS AND EARTHEN WARE.—I have a good stock of the above articles.

☞ GROCERIES.—Loaf, lump and brown Sugar, Coffee, Tea, Madder, Indigo, Copperas, Soap, Candles, Nutmegs, Pepper, Alspice, Ginger, Powder, Shot, Lead, Flints, Paints, Copel Varnish, shoe Blacking, Molasses, Liverpool Salt, Chewing Tobacco, Liquors assorted; also, bagging, Rope and Twine, Cotton and wool Cards, hair Trunks, castor Oil, Camphor, Salts, white Lead, Spirits of Turpentine, &c., together with a number of articles in the staple and fancy line too numerous to mention; all of which can be had at low prices, by calling at my store, the *FIFTH Door* from Liberty Point, or Stedman's corner, and directly opposite George W. McDonald's Saddler's shop.

September 9, 1833. 48*tf.*

Just received one cask fresh RICE.

G. J. STREETY.

LUMBER.

50,000 Feet of Lumber FOR SALE.

THE Subscriber has made such alterations in his Mills as will enable him to saw bills of Lumber to any extent, and kind, from 20 to 36 feet in length.

Six Mules, Wagon and Harness,

and 2 pair of Timber Wheels, suitable for Oxen or Horses, for sale.

M. McGARY.
Sept: 10, 1833. 49-tf.

Medical College of So. Ca.

ELECTION POSTPONED.

THE Chairs of Anatomy, of Surgery, of Obstetricks and the Diseases of Women and Children, of Materia Medica, and of Chemistry, in the Medical College of South Carolina, being vacant, the Board of Trustees, under the superintendence of the Medical Society of South Carolina, will, on the SECOND MONDAY IN OCTOBER NEXT, proceed to fill the same.

Candidates for the above Chairs will please to address their Letters of Application (post paid) to the Chairman of the Board of Trustees.

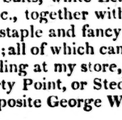
E. W. NORTH, *M. D.*
Ex-Officio Chairman Board of Trustees.
I. A. JOHNSON, *M. D. Secretary.*
Charleston, Sept. 5. §49-3*w.*§

Medical College of So. Ca.

AT a Meeting of the Board of Trustees, held on the 2d September, it was *Resolved*, That the further consideration of the Letters of Candidates to fill the vacant Chairs of the Medical College of South Carolina, be postponed until the second Monday in October next.

Any application made to and received by the Chairman, on or before that day, will be laid before the Board.

E. W. NORTH, M. D.
Ex-Officio Chairman Board of Trustees.
I. A. JOHNSON, Secretary.
Charleston, Sept. 5, 1833. 48-3t.



DR. THOS. J. JORDAN,

IS now opening at his Store, on Green Street, in addition to his former Stock, a large and extensive assortment of

DRUGS & MEDICINES,

Paints, Oils, Dye Stuffs, Hatters' Materials, Perfumery of all kinds,

Which he warrants to be genuine, and will sell at reduced prices for cash or approved credit.

August 26, 1833. 47tf.

REMARKS

ON a Sermon delivered by the Rev. Henry A. Rowland, entitled "*The Elect saved by Faith*," by John H. Pearce, for sale at E. J. Hale's Book Store, and at the Store of I. Blake & Son. Price twelve and a half cents.

September 10. 49-3*w.*

Administrators' GREAT SALE!

From $20,000 to $30,000

WORTH OF

Dry Goods, *Groceries, Hardware, &c. &c.*

TO be sold at Auction, on Monday the 14th October next, the entire Stock in trade of *Hazlett Kyle*, deceased; being a more Important Sale than any that has ever taken place in this City

The Goods were all selected by a competent judge, and are well adapted to the Trade of this State. Merchants, as well as others, will find it to their interest and advantage, to attend.

The greater part of the Stock is a late purchase, embracing many desirable Articles—all in prime order. Among which will be found—

Broad Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, &c.
Silks, Satins, Florence, and Lustring do.
Rose, Point, and London Blankets
Flannels, Calicoes, Linens and Lawns
Linen and Cotton Sheetings and Diapers
Oznaburgs and Ticklenburgs
Hosiery of all kinds
Gloves of every description
Parasols, Umbrellas and Fans
Suspenders and Stocks, of all kinds
Sewing Silk, Cotton and Thread, of every description
Merino Shawls, Handkerchiefs and Scarfs, in great variety
Bombazines, Bombazettes, Circassians & Merinos
Men's and Women's Cloaks
Ribbons, in great variety
Thread, Bobbinet and Edging of various kinds
Beaverteen Bangup and Canton Cord
Carpeting and Hearth Rugs
A heavy lot of Domestic Goods
Do do of Cotton Yarn, all numbers
Bandanna, Flag and other Handkerchiefs
Furniture, Garment and Cambric Dimity
A splendid lot of plain and carved Shell Combs
A large lot of Brazilian and Ivory do.
Lastings, Crape Camblets, Angola and Rouen Cassimeres
Grandurell, Nankeen, Silk and Cotton Velvets
Carpet Binding
Veils of all kinds
Black and white Cravats
Buckram, Padding and Brown Holland
Bed Ticking, Apron and Furniture Checks, &c.
Gentlemen's Boots and Shoes, of every kind
Servants do. do.
Ladies' Leather, Morocco, Prunella Boots and Shoes do.
Misses' Boots and Shoes, of each kind a large supply
Boys' Boots and Shoes, of Leather do. do.
Men's and Youth's Fur and Wool Hats—a fine supply
Seal, Velvet, Leather and Cloth Caps, for Boys and Men
Ladies' Bonnets, well assorted, and a large supply
Misses' Bonnets do. do.
Ladies' Fancy Baskets, a large quantity
Large assortment of fine Printed Muslins
Do. do. fine Plain do.
Do. do. fine Figur'd do.

Hardware.

Knives and Forks, a large assortment
Pocket and Pen Knives
Plane Irons and Carpenter's Tools, of various descriptions
Cut and Wrought Nails and Screws
Knob, Stock, Port, Closet and Pad Locks, of all kinds
Curtain Pins, of every description
Fancy Glass Knobs, for Drawers, &c.
Frying Pans, Tea Kettles and Brass Kettles
Wafer, Waffle and Sad Irons
Saws, Files and Gig Mounting
Snuffers, Spurs, Stirrups and Bridle Bits
Buttons, of all kinds
Razors, a fine assortment
Scissors and Spoons
Collins' superior Axes, &c. &c. &c.

Queensware.

A superior assortment of China
Do. do. Glass Ware
Plates of all kinds
Dishes, Bowls and Tureens
Pitchers, Mugs, Cups and Saucers
A large supply of Basons and Ewers
Sugars and Creams do.
A very large lot of Stone Jars and Jugs.

Groceries.

Porto Rico, Orleans and St. Croix Sugars
A large lot of Loaf Sugars, well assorted
Several Chests of Tea, very superior quality
A large lot of prime Green Coffee
Madeira and Lisbon Wine
French and Apple Brandy and Holland Gin
Jamaica and N. E. Rum
Monongahela and Common Whiskey
Pepper, Ginger, Spice and Cloves
Mace, Cinnamon and Nutmegs
Copperas, Indigo, Gunpowder and Lead
Writing Paper, all kinds
Wool and Cotton Cards, a very large supply
Shoe, Hair, Cloth, Tooth, Horse and Furniture Brushes, &c. &c. &c.
Fancy Soaps and Perfumery of many kinds
Red and White Lead
A superior assortment of Fancy and Toilet Glasses
A large lot of Metal Castings, various kinds
Do. do. Plantation Iron
Do. do. Cotton Bagging
Do. do. Chewing Tobacco
Do. do. Bale Rope
Do. do. Snuff.

AFTER WHICH, WILL BE SOLD, THE

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,

Consisting of Mahogany Tables, Chairs, Looking Glasses, Bureau, Bedsteads, Work Table, Sofa, Beds, Matrasses, China, Earthen Ware, Knives and Forks, Shovels and Tongs, Fenders, Trays, Waiters, Silver Plate, Candlesticks and Snuffers.

ALSO, the KITCHEN FURNITURE, &c. &c.

Also, a first rate HORSE,—a Northern built GIG and HARNESS, complete—two milch Cows, Saddles, &c. &c.

Also, the Store and Counting Room Furniture, Beds and Bedding, &c. &c.

TERMS.—All sums under Ten Dollars, *Cash*. All over Ten, and not exceeding One Hundred Dollars, *Nine Months*. All sums exceeding One Hundred Dollars, *Twelve Months*.

Bond with approved security will be required.

The Sale will commence each day at the hour of 10 o'clock, and will continue from day to day, until all is disposed of.

LUCY ANN KYLE, *Adm'x.*
GEORGE SIMPSON, *Ad'mr.*
Raleigh, 24th August, 1833. §49-5*w.*§

Blanks for sale at this Office.

FROM THE NEWBERN SPECTATOR.

COTTON SEED OIL.

Among the many sources of wealth which our State offers to industry and enterprise, most of which we unaccountably and blameably overlook or neglect, may be ranked the one which we name at the commencement of these remarks. We have frequently called the attention of our readers to this subject, but so far our calls have been unattended to, and this valuable seed is suffered to rot on the fields or farmyards. A late publication which we have seen on the subject, and which contains more information than had previously come before us, encourages us to make another attempt to induce our agricultural friends to convert this now comparatively useless article to a profitable and saleable product.—The following is the substance of the publication to which we allude. Every thousand weight of seed cotton produces *twenty-five* bushels of seed, from which half a gallon per bushel, or *twelve and a half* gallons of superior oil can be made, which will sell in the New York and Philadelphia markets at from ten to twelve per cent. higher than linseed oil, say at *one dollar* a gallon. Here is at once an increase to the income of the planter of from forty to fifty per cent. A thousand pounds of seed cotton will yield about 250 pounds for market; the average price in this State, for a number of years, may be estimated at ten dollars a hundred, and at this rate *the oil alone is worth exactly half as much as the cotton!* But the seed is yet more profitable than this.—The cake from which the oil is extracted is said to be a very superior food for cattle and hogs, and commands *a dollar a hundred weight.* Every thousand pounds of rough cotton, or in other words, every twenty-five bushels of seed, yield, it is said, upwards of three hundred pounds of this cake.—The price of this added to that of the oil, amounts to *fifteen dollars on every thousand pounds of seed cotton.* What can we say to farmers who neglect their interest so far as to cast from them this noble reward of their toil and anxiety?

The cotton seed oil has many advantages over other oils. It is said to be preferable to linseed oil for paints, and to be a superior lamp oil, being freer from smoke and smell than the best now in use. In cleansing metals, tortoise-shell, &c., it is unrivalled, and the gentleman on whose authority we make these statements, Mr. Clayton, says that, "when fresh, it can be used in bread, for the same purpose, and with as good an effect as lard, having nothing offensive in smell or taste, the latter resembling that of the hickory nut."—From the same source we learn that a very superior machine has been invented for the purpose of separating the lint and hulls of the seed from the kernels. This, together with the press and other necessary apparatus for a complete oil-press, will not cost over $1000. We earnestly hope that some of our neighbours here will investigate the matter, and be induced to establish a press in this place. The gins in the vicinity will supply vast quantities of seed at a fair price, and if success attend the experiment, others will be more easily induced to follow our example. The large amount which passes annually out of the State for the purchase of oils would thus be kept at home, or expended for other articles of necessity which we cannot manufacture.

Estimating our annual cotton crops at 50,000 bales, and taking the above facts for the basis of calculation, the cotton seed alone is worth to the State upwards of *half a million of dollars* per annum. If farmers were once convinced, by actual experience, that such is the fact, in a very few years our exports of cotton would vie with those of South Carolina and Georgia.

NEW YORK, Aug. 28.

The David Brown.—One of the passengers in the steam boat David Brown, arrived in this city yesterday. Several others may be expected to-day. We learn from the gentleman first alluded to, that the sufferings of the passengers in one way and another, were very great. The whole voyage was uncommonly rough, and every day added to the horror of their situation. On Wednesday last, being out of fuel and nearly out of provisions, with the loss of rudder, and otherwise crippled, the passengers commenced tearing up those parts of the boat which could best be spared, in order to keep up the steam. They also cut away the mast to make a rudder of. After fitting it on, the boat made some headway by the help of the jib, till they were supplied with wood by a coaster. Our informant represents the scene at some periods as appalling in the extreme. Many of the passengers had given themselves up for lost. Added to this was the sickness and death of one of their number, Mr. Edward Whitman. He died on Wednesday last. Mr. W. was formerly of Hartford, and for the last six years had resided in Montgomery. Some other particulars were given us, which we may perhaps communicate hereafter.

Jour. of Com.

Montreal, Aug. 24.—The Honorable Martin Van Buren, Vice President of the U. States, and Mr. Cambreleng, honorably known for his writings in favor of free trade, accompanied by a distinguished party, arrived in town yesterday, and will, it is said, proceed to Quebec this day.

New Spring Goods.

THE Subscribers are this day receiving in part their Spring supplies of

Staple and Fancy Dry GOODS,
Ready Made CLOTHING,
HARDWARE & CUTLERY,
HATS and SHOES,
HATTER'S TRIMMINGS, SADDLERY

of all descriptions, &c. &c., the whole of which are expected in a few days, and which will comprise a more general assortment than ever before offered at *wholesale* in this market.

With a view of making the Stock worthy the attention of Dealers generally, the assortment has been made this Spring, much more general, and having been selected with care and on the best terms, they flatter themselves they will be enabled to offer inducements making it worthy the interest of their friends and the public generally, to which they invite their attention.

HALL & JOHNSON.

In Store,

110 Hhds. prime retailing MOLASSES,
25,000 lbs. prime green COFFEE,
300 kegs Nails,
Bar, hoop and sheet Iron,
Iron, brass and steel Wire,
Dye Stuffs and Paints,
Together with a very general assortment of every article in the Grocery Line.

HALL & JOHNSON.

April 21, 1833. 29tf.

Boot & Shoe Manufactory.

PELEG PEARCE,

Respectfully offers his thanks to his friends and former customers for the very liberal encouragement he has received the past year, and informs them that he still remains at his former Stand on Gillespie street, where he has on hand, a general assortment of

BOOTS AND SHOES,

Which he will sell low for cash. He has just received from Philadelphia, a good supply of Leather of the best kind, which will enable him to execute all orders in the neatest and most durable manner, at short notice. All kinds of repairing done on reasonable terms.

Fayetteville, April 9. 27tf.

WINE.

10 Quarter Casks sweet MALAGA, } WINE,
10 " " SHERRY, }
For sale by
AMOS KIMBALL.

May 28. 34tf.

Sugar, Molasses, Coffee, &c.

JUST RECEIVED,
105 Bags Rio and Laguyra COFFEE,
10 hhds. Molasses,
40 kegs Nails, assorted 4d @ 20d.
60 sets Wagon Boxes.

In Store,

Sugar, Salt, Iron, Steel, Castings,
Loaf and Lump Sugar, and Sirup,
35 boxes Fayetteville mould Candles,
Cotton Bagging, bale Rope, and Cotton Yarn,
2500 bushels of bread Corn, Oats, Flour & Bacon,
Pepper, Spice and Ginger.

Together with a number of other articles too tedious to enumerate; all of which will be sold low for Cash or Country Produce—by

HENRY HORN

May 28. 34tf.

Molasses, Coffee and Sugar.

JUST RECEIVED AND FOR SALE,
100 Bags Rio and Laguira COFFEE,
20 hhds. prime New Orleans Molasses,
15 do. prime Porto Rico do.
2 do. common quality do.
8 do. good Porto Rico Sugar,

—On Hand—

350 sacks blown SALT,
300 do. Liverpool ground do.
1000 bushels Liverpool do. in bulk,
500 do. Alum ditto,
40 bags Coffee,
8 barrels Sugar,
50 kegs Nails,
5 tons Swedes Iron,
German and blistered Steel,
50 barrels Mackerel, Nos. 1, 2 & 3,
No. 1. Salmon, a good article,
10,000 lbs. good Bacon.

The above, together with other articles, too tedious to enumerate, make the Subscriber's assortment of Groceries (Liquors of all kinds excepted) worthy the attention of purchasers; they are invited to call and examine them.

WILLIAMSON WHITEHEAD.

April 16, 1833. 28-tf.

Travelling Trunks and Bags.

JUST received an assortment of Leather TRAVELLING TRUNKS and BAGS.
For sale by
A. KIMBALL.

November 13. §6-tf.§

Mill Saws.

THE Subscriber has just received a few dozen Rowland's MILL SAWS of extra thickness, manufactured expressly for this market.

ARCH'D CAMPBELL.

April 16, 1833. 28tf.

Just Received and for Sale,

40 Barrels MACKEREL, No. 3,
8 half barrels do, No. 2,
75 kegs Nails.
By W. WHITEHEAD.

June 25, 1833.

For Sale—*For Cash or Produce,*

6 Hhds. N. O. and Porto Rico SUGAR,
10 Bags Coffee,
50 Kegs cut Nails, assorted, from 4d to 20d.
Castings, a handsome assortment,
Heavy Trace Chains, Axes, Shovels, Cotton and Wool Cards, Wagon boxes, Swedes and English Iron, Copperas, Saltpetre, Madder, Indigo, &c.

—ALSO—

AN ASSORTMENT OF STAPLE

Dry Goods,

MEN'S CLOAKS.
1000 bushels Liverpool and Alum SALT.
JOHN MUNN.

December 4, 1832. §9-tf.§

Sugar and Coffee.

Just received by Steamboat John Walker.
20 Hhds. SUGAR,
60 bags prime Coffee,
For sale by
THOS. SANDFORD & CO.

FOR SALE,

A Very neat Newark built SULKEY, upon Elliptic springs.
C. P. MALLETT.

May 6, 1833.

JEREMIAH KYLE, Jr.

HAVING purchased the entire stock of GOODS of James Kyle, intends to continue the

Dry Goods,
Hardware & Grocery

Business, at the old Stand formerly occupied by James Kyle; where he will be receiving new Goods by every arrival from New York and Philadelphia. The former customers of James Kyle, and all others wishing to purchase Goods by *WHOLESALE* or *RETAIL*, will please call and examine for themselves.

March 25, 1833.

Bolting Cloths,

JUST received and for sale by
JERE: KYLE.

Aug. 5, 1833.

COTTON GINS.

THE Subscriber has again commenced the manufacture of Cotton Gins, at his residence, Leesville, Robeson County, N. C. and intending to make the business permanent, he has engaged the services of one of the best workmen in the Southern Country He has also spared no pains, in procuring the very best materials; and to ensure patronage, he has reduced the price to $2 per Saw, six months credit, or $1 87 cash His Gins being warranted.

After the present time, he will keep them constantly on hand at Hall & Johnson's. If he meets with encouragement, he will next year establish his Factory at Fayetteville, in which case he will also be enabled to repair Gins for a considerable extent of country around, which will be of great advantage to those owning Gins, and also to the quality of Cotton sold in the Fayetteville market. as much depends, in this article, as to quality of Gin and the order it is in.

J. W. POWELL.

Reference to Hall & Johnson, John M. Dobbin, C. P. Mallett, and Jos. Baker

June 29th. 1833 39 3m.

Soap.

50 BOXES No. 1. bar *SOAP*, just received by Steamer John Walker, for sale by
A. KIMBALL.

SPRING AND SUMMER
GOODS.

THE Subscriber respectfully announces to his friends and the public, that he is now receiving at his Store, on the North corner of the Market Square, a very extensive assortment of Seasonable GOODS, selected in New York and Philadelphia, from the latest importations.—His stock is now unusually complete, embracing a great variety of

Seasonable, Fancy and Staple Dry Goods, Hardware, Cutlery, China, Crockery, Glass Ware, &c.,

All of which will be offered by wholesale and retail, on the most reasonable terms. Country Merchants and retail Purchasers generally, are invited to examine his assortment, which comprizes in part, *The following, viz:*

Super blue, black and mixt Saxony CLOTHS,
Extra super blue and black London ditto
Do ditto green, claret, brown and olive, do.
Do ditto dark Oxford and light mixt, do.
Superfine black, drab and buff Cassimere,
Do black, brown and green crape Camlet, a beautiful article for gentlemen s wear,
Princetta & Brochella, black, blue, green & brown,
Fine black and light mixt Erminett and merino Cassimere,
Black Lasting and Goat's hair blue Camlet, a superior article,
Rowen Cassimere, printed Stormonts, blue and yellow Nankeens,
White Satteen, imperial and Cantoon Cord, Beaverteens and Moleskin, plain and striped,
White and brown Jeans and Drillings, some very superior—French Linen,
A large assortment of Valencia, Marseilles, silk Velvet, light and dark, plain and figured Vestings, some very handsome,
Irish Linens, in whole and demi pieces, & Long Lawn, unusually cheap,
English, Scotch and French Ginghams, newest style, a great variety, & some really beautiful,
An extensive selection of English and American Calicoes and Prints, some choice styles, very cheap,
Some beautiful 4-4 French Muslins, a splendid new article for Ladies' Dresses,
Super 6-4 French Bombazine and India Pongees
Black, brown, green, crimson and scarlet Bombazetts,
Green, scarlet and crimson Moreens, very cheap,
A great variety of silks including the most fashionable colors,
Favaroni's and Matteoni's best Italian Lutstring,
Peu-de-Soi, a new and rich article—black, white and colored Satins,
Extra rich heavy India black Satin, Levantine, Sinchews and Sarsnets,
Green and brown Sarsnet for Calashes, and bordered do for umbrella covering,
Green, white, pink, blue and straw colored Florences, extremely low,
Striped and watered Satins and Gros-de-Naps, very rich, for Ladies' Bonnets,
A great variety of Ladies' silk Shawls & Hdkffs.
Some beautiful Hernani, d ditto,
Linen Cambric do. plain and bordered—fine Linen Cambric and Bishop Lawns,
Plain and figured Book, Swiss, Jaconet & Mull Muslins, checked and ✕ barred,
4-4 & 6-4 Cambric, fine and common—Furniture Dimity and Table Napkins,
Gentlemen's heavy Bandanna and Pongee Handkerchiefs, cheap,
Ladies' and Gentlemen's silk and cotton Hosiery,
Do. do. Gloves, & Gentlemen's thread do & Socks,
A large assortment of Ladies' Prunella, Morocco, Seal and Leather Shoes,
Ditto Gentlemen's fine Shoes and Bootees, cheap,
Gentlemen's fine beaver Hats, fashionable shape,
Youths' ditto, and Caps,
Ladies' Parasols and sun Umbrellas, some very beautiful, with ivory carved handles,
Gentlemen's silk and cotton do. of superior finish,
Do. fashionable Stocks, white and black Satin and Bombazine, a great variety & cheap,
Leghorn and Dunstable Bonnets, latest style,
Bonnet Ribbons, belt do. and Taffetas, a variety,
Lace Veils, super blond gauze do., and green Barege,
3-4, 4-4, 5-4, & 6-4 brown and bleached Shirtings and Sheetings, cheap,
Fine Irish Sheetings, Russia Diaper and Sheetings,
A large assortment of Brazilian tuck & side Combs,
Some beautiful shell do., plain do and carved,
Perfumery, Essences, Macassar Oil, Otto of Roses, Pungents, Powder Puffs, Vestimental Soap, indellible Ink, German Cologne, &c. &c.
An extensive assortment of Hardware and fine Cutlery,
A variety of fine pen and pocket Knives, Ladies' best steel Scissors,
A large assortment of Crockery Ware, some elegant sets of China,
Saddlery, &c., Gig, Riding and Sportsmen's Whips, some very elegant,

Together with a great variety of other articles entirely too tedious to be enumerated; all of which will be sold on the most reasonable terms for cash.

ARCH'D CAMPBELL

Fayetteville, N. C. April 16, 1833. 28tf.

ARCHIBALD CAMPBELL,

IN addition to his former Stock, is now receiving and offers for sale at his Store, North corner of Market Square, the following, viz:

75 bags prime green COFFEE,
35 hhds. St. Croix, Porto Rico and N. O. Sugar,
Imperial Gunpowder, Souchong and Young Hyson Tea, in half and quarter chests and canisters, suitable for families,
30 barrels double refined loaf and lump Sugar,
5 do. Louisiana refined ditto,
Choice old Madeira, Sherry, Teneriffe, L. P. and Sicily Madeira, old Must-cat and Malaga } WINES,
Superior old Port, Champaigne and Claret,
Old Cogniac Brandy (Seignette brand) in pipes and quarter casks, *pure,*
Holland Gin, (Swan brand) old Jamaica Rum and Monongahela Whiskey, of excellent flavor,
15 hhds. N. E Rum,
40 boxes fresh Raisins, bunch and bloom, some in half and quarter boxes,
Soft shell Almonds, Nutmegs, Mace, Cloves, Cayenne Pepper, race Ginger, Cinnamon, Pimento, sweet Oil, superior fresh Mustard incannisters, pearl Barley, &c.
London and Philadelphia Brown Stout Porter, in pint and quart bottles,
Stoughton's Bitters, fresh Lime Juice and Lemon Sirup,
Sweet Chocolate and fine Salt in boxes,
Demijohns assorted sizes, wine and porter Bottles,
100 kegs cut Nails and Brads, assorted sizes from 3d to 40d.
Dupont's Powder, bar Lead and Shot,
75 boxes mould candles, Spermaceti do.
50 sides sole Leather, some small sizes,
10,000 Spanish Segars, Saunders's best chewing Tobacco,
Scotch and Maccaboy Snuff in bottles,
3 ceroons Indigo, Chalk, Copperas, yellow Ochre, Spanish Brown and White,
Saltpetre, Alum, Spirits of Turpentine, Lamp Black, &c. &c. &c.

Fayetteville, N. C., April 16, 1833. 28tf.

FOR SALE.

40 CASKS Thomastown Lime in good order,
100 Kegs White Lead ground in Oil,
50 Hhds. Molasses.

J. HUSKE & SON.

May 12, 1833. 32tf.

Sugar and Coffee.

JUST RECEIVED BY STEAMER JOHN WALKER,
10 Hhds. Porto Rico and New Orleans Sugar,
50 bags green Coffee, for sale by
THOS. SANDFORD & CO.

June 2. 38-tf.

FALL AND WINTER
GOODS.

THE Subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he is now receiving at his Store, *Person street,* one door west of R. Maynard & Co., a very extensive assortment of GOODS, selected in New York with the greatest care, from the latest importations. His Stock is unusally complete, embracing a variety of FANCY & STAPLE

DRY GOODS,
HATS, BONNETS AND SHOES,
HARDWARE, FINE CUTLERY, &c.

All of which will be offered by wholesale and retail, on the most reasonable terms. Country Merchants and others are invited to call and examine his Stock, which, comprises in part, the following *Articles:*

Super blue, black, brown and olive CLOTHS,
Ditto blue, black, brown and steel mixt Sattinetts,
Bombazine, Princettas, and crape Camlet,
Rowen Cassimere, printed Stormonts, blue & yellow Nankeens,
White and brown Jeans and Drillings,
Osnaburgs and Ticklenburgs,
Padding and Buckram,
Superior light Prints; dark fancy ditto, a great variety,
Superior light fancy stripe and check Ginghams,
Ditto dark do do do ditto,
Super cambric, Jaconet, Book and Mull Muslins,
Ditto printed and foundation ditto,
Check. striped and cross barred ditto,
6-4 bobinet Lace Edging, inserting, &c.
Linen Cambric and linen cambric Handkerchiefs,
Scotch and bishop Lawn,
Super Irish Linen, whole and demi pieces,
Velvet and silk Vestings, some very superior,
Valencia and Marseilles, do do.
Rich figured Gros-de-Naps,
Do do Gros-de-Berlins,
Superior Florence and Marceline,
New and elegant crape dress Handkerchiefs,
Do do Gauge,
Do do Silk,
Do do crape Shawls,
White and green blond gauze Veils, very supe'r,
A good assortment of cap and bonnet Ribbon,
Ditto do belt do do
Super rich taffeta Ribbons,
3-4, 4-4, and 6 4 unbleached Shirting & Sheeting,
3-4, 4-4, 5-4, and 6 4 bleached do do
4-4 and 6-4 Bed Ticks and Diaper,
Domestic Stripes and Plaids. a variety,
Gentlemen's horse and buck skin Gloves,
Ladies' do do do and Mitts,
Hosiery of every description,
Gentlemen's Pongee and silk Handkerchiefs,
Do muslin and Italian Cravats,
Do Collars, Stocks, &c.
Superior white, red and green Flannels,
Black cambric Cotton Balls, sewing Silk, &c.
Gentlemen's fine fashionable black beaver Hats,
Do common do do do
Boys' fine and common do do
Gentlemen's fine and common drab do
Ditto Lafayette and Grecian Caps,
Boys' seal skin and leather do
Leghorn and straw Bonnets,
Dunstable (new style) do
Gentlemen's fine and common Boots and Shoes,
Boys' do do do do
Ladies' seal skin and leather walking Shoes,
Ditto Prunella and Morrocco Slippers,

Hardware and Cutlery.

Rodger's fine pen and pocket Knives,
Case Knives and Trace Chains,
Frying Pans and Waffle Irons,
Gun, chest and trunk Locks,
Sawmill and handsaw Files,
Curry Combs and Drawing Knives,
30 kegs Nails, 4d to 20d.
Moccoboy and Scotch Snuff, &c &c. &c.

Together with many other articles too tedious to enumerate in an advertisement of this kind.

D MURCHISON.

☞N. B. I shall be receiving by almost every arrival, additional supplies. D. M.

Fayetteville, August 21, 1833. 47tf.

PENSIONER'S BLANKS
For sale at this Office.

LUMBER.

75,000 Feet of LUMBER, consisting of wide quarter Boards and Scantling of different sizes, for sale by the Subscriber, who will keep a constant supply of the various kinds at his Lumber Yard on Cool Spring street.

M. McGARY.

Fayetteville, August 6. 44-tf

Blanks for sale at this Office.

JACKSON *HOTEL.*
Liberty Point,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

THE Subscriber tenders his sincere thanks to the public for the very liberal encouragement he has heretofore received, and hopes by unceasing assiduity, to merit a greater portion of patronage. He takes pleasure in stating, that he has just erected a splendid Hotel on the spot where he formerly lived. His table, as usual, shall be supplied with the luxuries of the market, and his Bar furnished with Liquors and Wines, not inferior to any Public House in the place. His Stables are also new, well supplied with the best provender, and attended by careful and skillful Ostlers. His charges will be moderate.

WADDLE CADE.

November 27, 1832. §-8tf.§

Factorage and Commission BUSINESS.

THE Subscriber having large and commodious Warehouses in a convenient part of town, and so situated as to be almost entirely out of all danger by fire, would attend to any business connected with the above line on the usual terms, and hopes, by reason of the advantages he may possess in point of security against that destructive element, and his own exertions to give general satisfaction in all cases where business is entrusted to him, to receive a share of public patronage.

HENRY HORN

N. B. Country Merchants and others consigning Goods and Packages to my care from any of the Northern Cities, or any part of the Country, will meet with prompt attention in having them forwarded to any part of the State or the adjoining counties.

Fayetteville Jan. 1, 1833. (15tf.) H. H

25 Kegs cut NAILS assorted from 4d to 20d, just received and for sale by
J. MUNN.

March 13. 71tf

NEW STORE.

THE Subscriber respectfully informs the public, that he has taken the Store lately erected by Mr. Hooper, on the south side of Person street, a few doors east of Market Square, where he is now receiving and intends keeping constantly on hand, a good supply of the following articles.

Prime green COFFEE,
St. Croix, Porto Rico and N. Orleans SUGAR,
Liverpool and Alum Salt,
Swedes and English Iron,
German and Blister Steel,
Molasses, Pepper, Spice and Ginger,
Nails, Powder, Shot and Lead,
Castings, Axes, Spades and Shovels,
Cotton Bagging, Bale Rope and Twine,
Trace Chains, Halters and Weeding Hoes,
Drugs and Medicines,
Loaf and lump Sugar, Copperas,
Window Glass and Putty; Bellows, Anvils, Vises,
Sole and upper Leather,

DRY GOODS,
CROCKERY, HATS AND SHOES.
COTTON AND WOOL CARDS, &c. &c.

Without further enumeration, his Stock comprises an assortment particularly adapted to the country trade, all of which he is disposed to sell at fair prices for cash or country produce, for which he will at all times pay the highest market prices.

WILL. O. JEFFREYS

N. B.—Any Commission Business will also meet with prompt attention. W. O. J.

October 9. 1-tf.

Sugar and Coffee.

JUST RECEIVED AND FOR SALE,
ST. Croix and New Orleans SUGARS, in hhds.
Porto-Rico ditto, in bbls.
5 bags sup. old white COFFEE, for family use.

JOHN MUNN.

April 17. 76tf.

FRESH LIME.

200 Casks fresh Thomastown Stone LIME,
Just received, and for sale by
THOS SANDFORD & CO
COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

Fayetteville, Dec. 18, 1832. 11-tf.

NEW FALL AND WINTER
GOODS.
P. DALLEY,

IS now receiving from New York and Philadelphia, his Fall and Winter supply of Goods, which consists of

DRY GOODS,
Groceries, Hardware & Cutlery,
HATS, SHOES, IRON, HOLLOW WARE, &c. &c. &c.

All of which he will sell on the most reasonable terms. Country Merchants and others, are invited to call and examine for themselves.

N. B A good assortment of ANCHOR BOLTING CLOTHS, kept constantly on hand.

15th Oct., 1832 2-tf

Factorage and Commission BUSINESS.

THE Subscriber.having commenced the above business, solicits a share of patronage. All kinds of Produce received and sold or forwarded as may be directed. Goods and Merchandize received and forwarded, together with all other business pertaining to a general Commission Agency.

DANIEL DICKSON.

Wilmington, N. C. Sept. 21*st* 1832 99-tf.

Cape Fear & Yadkin Rail Road.

PURSUANT to the provisions of an Act of the Legislature of North Carolina, entitled "An Act to incorporate the Cape Fear and Yadkin Rail Road Company," the undersigned Commissioners, appointed by the said Act, *Give Notice,* That Books for Subscription to the Capital Stock of the said Company will be opened at the Court House on Tuesday the 8th instant, and continued open at the Bank of Cape Fear in Fayetteville, after that day until farther notice.

DUNCAN MAC RAE,
J. W. WRIGHT,
JOHN H. HALL,
ROBERT STRANGE,
ALEXANDER ELLIOTT. } Commissioners.

Fayetteville, May 7, 1832. 79tf

Factorage and Commission BUSINESS.

THE Subscriber having *for the present,* opened an Office at his Dwelling House, on the corner of Dick and Russell streets, and provided himself with Warehouses in Campbellton, is prepared to carry on his business as usual.

All kinds of Produce received and sold or forwarded, as may be directed Goods and Merchandize received and forwarded, together with all other business pertaining to a general commission agency.

He will also attend to the offering for discount, renewal and payment of notes at the different Banks in this place, *to which branch of his business he will pay particular attention,* and flatters himself, that from his general knowledge of the business of the place, he will be able to give satisfaction to his employers.

JOSEPH BAKER.

NEW BOOKS

JUST received, Waverly Anecdotes, being No. 5th, Gelray of Romance, a Novel, The Life and Adventures of Robinson Crusoe, with a history of a Steam Boat, author of "the Yankee among the Mohawks," Polynesian Researches, Lindsey, Cooper, Esq., by Taylor, Observations on the United States and Canada, Example, or Religion, New Children's Friend, Letters to Inquirer, Life of Adam Clark, 2d vol. Thoughts, Foster's Address to the Abbot, by Sir Walter Scott, Sunday an easy Introduction to the Reading Perils of the Sea, Evidences of Christianity, Progress, by Dodridge, Life of Mrs. Alexander, Watson, &c., Jay's Prayer, Emily's Geography, Jones's Chemistry, Preceptor, Saint's Pocket Book, Union Questions, Dover Selection, &c. &c., for sale by

August 27, 1833.

Engraving

IN all its various branches, *neatly* Subscriber: who has for sale, terms, an assortment of

Clocks, Watches, Jewelry,

W WIDDIFIELD.

☞N. B.—WATCH REPAIRING particularly attended to.

Fayetteville, August 13, 1833.

NEW GOODS

THE Subscriber is now receiving a supply of

DRY GOODS,

AMONG WHICH ARE THE FOLLOWING:

Extra blue, black, invisible green, brown and mixt Cloths;—a variety of Fancy Prints, Ginghams, Fancy Muslins, Sheetings, Hats, Shoes, &c.

For Rent.

A Two story DWELLING HOUSE of the principal streets, a few from the Market House. It has fitted up suitably for a genteel yard, is a well of water as good as vicinity of Fayetteville, in rear of excellent garden under cultivation.

JOHN

July 30, 1833.

THE CELEBRATED

PHŒNIX,

WILL stand the ensuing season on the last of the present month the first of November, at Elizabeth County; he will also stand at Col. Willow Elizabeth, and about ten miles beth, on the West side of the river and ten Dollars. Risks as customary.

PHŒNIX is a large and remarkably Jack, and his get are reported to be cile and tractable.

WILLIAM L.

August 21, 1833.

HADLOCK'S
Vegetable Powder for Diseases of the Lungs.

For sale at the Book Store of

IMPORTANT
To Physicians, and Dealers in Medicines.

R. MAYNARD & CO.
WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,
Person-Street, opposite Willis's Hotel,

ARE now receiving a large Assortment of DRUGS, PAINTS, DYE STUFFS, MATERIALS, &c. The largest that has been this Market, and will be kept genuine, and are determined to sell on possible terms. Physicians and Country are invited to call and examine their will be promptly attended to. Physicians put up at the shortest notice.

Oct. 1.

FOR SALE,

119 KEGS WHITE LEAD, warranted
102 Gall. Lamp Oil,
2000 lbs. Glauber Salts,
200 lbs. Chloride Lime,
1 bale Hops,
1 carboy Aquafortis,
1 do Sulphuric Acid,
7 Hampers Black Bottles,
Linseed, Train and Sweet Oil,
Glass 8x10 and 10x12,
Ink Powder and Liquid Ink,
Noyes',
Red and coloured washes,
Syrup Sassaparilla and Liverwort,
Swaim's Panacea, (genuine,)
Indelible Ink,
Maccasar and Bear's Oil,
Peppermint and Boneset Essence,
Chlorine Tooth-wash, a receipt
cle for cleansing the Teeth,
Osborne's Superior Water Cement,
ple and Mahogeny Blacking,
Superior Hair, Clothes, Hat and White-wash Brushes,
Surgeon and Dentist Instruments of quality,
Hull's, Eberlee's and common Shop Furniture, Crucibles, Evaporating Dishes,
Patent Medicines, (a large assortment)
ALSO,
Almonds, Raisins, Filberts & Pecan nuts.

R. MAYNARD & CO.

October 2. 80tf

NOTICE.

MR. DANIEL SUTHERLAND, is my Agent for the collection of all Accounts due to me, with instructions indiscriminately, by legal process, against fail to pay on first application.

WM. L. HA

I OFFER for sale at my Store, three doors Market Square, Person-st., wholesale
Sole and Upper Leather,
Skirting and Harness do.
Hog Skins,
Best Philadelphia Calf Skins,
Cochineal, Blue and Black Coach Lace,
Facing, Padding and Shoe Lining Silk,
Common and Coarse Shoes, by the retail,
Fine and Wool Hats,
Shoe Thread, and Black Varnish,
Men's Shoe Lasts, assorted,
Together with a general assortment of